

Division 26 Common Requirements for Electrical

26 00 11	Electrical Specification Index
	Common Contract Requirements for Electrical
26 01 15	Electrical Allowances and Fees
26 01 16	Electrical Contract General Requirements
26 01 17	Demolition and Renovation
26 01 20	Commissioning and Integrated Testing of Life Safety and Fire Protection System
	Common Work Results for Electrical
26 05 19	Wires and Cables
26 05 20	Splitters, Junction, and Pull Boxes
26 05 21	Outlet Boxes, Conduit Boxes and Fittings
26 05 22	Wire and Box Connectors – 0 –1000 V
26 05 26	Grounding Secondary
26 05 75	Auxiliary Systems
	Switchboard and Panelboards
26 24 16	Panelboards
	Low-Voltage Distribution Equipment
26 27 26	Wiring Devices
	Low-Voltage Circuit Protective Devices
26 28 13	Fuses – Low Voltage
26 28 16	Disconnect Switches
	Low-Voltage Controllers
26 29 13	Starters and Contactors
	Lighting
26 51 13	Lighting Equipment
26 51 16	Digital Occupancy & Daylight Control Systems

Division 28 Electronic Safety and Security

	Fire Detection and Alarm
28 31 25	Fire Alarm System (Addressable)

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- .1 Comply with the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and all of General Requirements, Mechanical and Electrical Divisions.

1.2 FEES

- .1 The contractor is to determine general inspection fees with Electrical Safety Authority and include as part of tender.
- .2 A submission has been made (if required by this scope of project) by the consultant to the Electrical Safety Authority for review of this project. The payment of the required review costs will be coordinated by the consultant. A copy of the Electrical Safety Authority review report will be forwarded to the successful contractor for information and action. Contractor will not be responsible for these review costs.

1.3 EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCES

- .1 The electrical contractor is to review all specification sections forming part of the electrical bid documents and include additional equipment or components, as well as all associated installation costs and testing costs as noted, in the electrical bid price.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 GENERAL

- .1 This Section covers items common to Electrical Divisions.**
- .2 This section supplements requirements of Division 1.
- .3 Furnish labour, materials, and equipment necessary for completion of work as described in contract documents.

1.2 INTENT

- .1 Mention herein or indication on Drawings of articles, materials, operations, or methods requires: supply of each item mentioned or indicated, of quality, or subject to qualifications noted; installation according to conditions stated: and, performance of each operation prescribed with furnishing of necessary labour, equipment, and incidentals for electrical work.
- .2 Where used, words “Section” and “Division” shall also include other Subcontractors engaged on site to perform work to make building and site complete in all respects.
- .3 Where used, word “supply” shall mean furnishing to site in location required or directed complete with accessory parts.
- .4 Where used, word “install” shall mean secured in place and connected up for operation as noted or directed.
- .5 Where used, word “provide” shall mean supply and install as each is described above.

1.3 TENDERS

- .1 Submit tender based on specified described equipment or Alternates listed.
- .2 State in Tender, names of all Subcontractors proposed for work under this Division.

1.4 LIABILITY INSURANCE

- .1 This contractor must maintain and produce at the request of the consultant proof of proper insurance to fully protect the Owner, the Consultant and the Contractor from any and all claims due to accidents, misfortunes, acts of God, etc.

1.5 DRAWINGS

- .1 Electrical Drawings do not show structural and related details. Take information involving accurate measurement of building from building drawings, or at building. Make, without additional charge, any necessary changes or additions to runs of conduits and ducts to accommodate structural conditions. Location of conduits and other equipment may be altered by the Consultant without extra charge provided change is made before installation and does not necessitate major additional material.
- .2 As work progresses and before installing fixtures and other fittings and equipment which may interfere with interior treatment and use of building, provide detail drawings or obtain directions for exact location of such equipment and fitments.

- .3 Electrical drawings are diagrammatic. Where required work is not shown or only shown diagrammatically, install same at maximum height in space to conserve head room (minimum 2200 mm (88") clear) and interfere as little as possible with free use of space through which they can pass. Conceal wiring, conduits and ducts in furred spaces, ceilings and walls unless specifically shown otherwise. Install work close to structure so furring will be small as practical.
- .4 Before commencing work, check and verify all sizes, locations, grades, elevations, levels and dimensions to ensure proper and correct installation. Verify existing/municipal services.
- .5 Locate all electrical equipment in such a manner as to facilitate easy and safe access to and maintenance and replacement of any part.
- .6 In every place where there is indicated space reserved for future or other equipment, leave such space clear, and install services so that necessary installation and connections can be made for any such apparatus. Obtain instructions whenever necessary for this purpose.
- .7 Relocate equipment and/or material installed but not co-ordinated with work of other Sections as directed, without extra charge.
- .8 Where drawings are done in metric and product not available in metric, the corresponding imperial trade size shall be utilized.

1.6 INTERFERENCE AND CO-ORDINATION DRAWINGS

- .1 Prepare interference and equipment placing drawings to ensure that all components will be properly accommodated within the constructed spaces provided.
- .2 Prepare drawings to indicate co-ordination and methods of installation of a system with other systems where their relationship is critical. Ensure that all details of equipment apparatus, and connections are co-ordinated.
- .3 Ensure that clearances required by jurisdictional authorities and clearances for proper maintenance are indicated on drawings.
- .4 Upon consultant's request submit copies of interference drawings to the consultant.
- .5 Due to the nature of the building and the complexity of the building systems provide the following:
 - .1 Interference drawings, showing coordination of architectural, structural, mechanical, and electrical systems for the consultant's review prior to fabrication.
 - .2 Detailed equipment room drawings clearly showing all distribution equipment.
 - .3 Detailed layout drawings clearly showing conduit/feeder runs 78mm diameter or larger, including hangers or tray.
- .6 Provide CAD drawings (minimum file version AutoCAD 2013) in addition to hard copies.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 The installations of the division must conform to the latest edition of the Electrical Safety Code as well as its supplemental bulletins and instructions. Provide materials and labour necessary to comply with rules, regulations, and ordinances.
- .2 Complete underground systems in accordance with CSA C22.3 No. 7-94 except where specified otherwise.
- .3 Abbreviations for electrical terms: to CSA Z85-1983.
- .4 In case of differences between building codes, provincial laws, local ordinances, utility company regulations, and Contract Documents, the most stringent shall govern. Promptly notify Consultant in writing of such differences.

1.8 ALTERNATES AND SUBSTITUTIONS

- .1 Throughout these sections are lists of “Alternate Equipment” manufacturers acceptable to Consultant if their product meets characteristics of specified described equipment.
- .2 Each bidder may elect to use “Alternate Equipment” from lists of Alternates where listed. Include for any additional costs to suit Alternated used. Prices are not required in Tender for Alternates listed except where specifically noted as “Separate Price”.
- .3 When two or more suppliers/manufacturers are named in the Bid Documents, only one supplier/manufacturer of the products named will be acceptable; however, it is the responsibility of this Division to ensure “Alternate Equipment” fits space allocated and gives performance specified. If an “Alternate Equipment” unit is proposed and does not fit space allotted nor equal specified product in Consultant’s opinion, supply of specified described equipment will be required without change in Contract amount. Only manufacturers listed will be accepted for their product listing. All other manufacturers shall be quoted as substitution stating conditions and credit amount.
- .4 If item of material specified is unobtainable, state in Tender proposed substitute and amount added or deducted for its use. Extra monies will not be paid for substitutions after Contract has been awarded.

1.9 EXAMINATION

- .1 Site Reviews
 - .1 Examine premises to understand conditions, which may affect performance of work of this Division before submitting proposals for this work.
 - .2 No subsequent allowance for time or money will be considered for any consequence related to failure to examine site conditions.
- .2 Drawings:
 - .1 Electrical Drawings show general arrangement of fixtures, power devices, equipment, etc. Follow as closely as actual building construction and work of other trades will permit.

- .2 Consider Architectural, Mechanical, and Structural Drawings part of this work insofar as these drawings furnish information relating to design and construction of building. These drawings take precedence over Electrical Drawings.
- .3 Because of small scale of Drawings, it is not possible to indicate all offsets, fittings, and accessories, which may be required. Investigate structural and finish conditions affecting this work and arrange work accordingly, providing such fittings, valves, and accessories required to meet conditions.
- .3 Ensure that items to be furnished fit space available. Make necessary field measurements to ascertain space requirements including those for connections and furnish and install equipment of size and shape so final installation shall suit true intent and meaning of Contract Documents. If approval is received by Addendum or Change Order to use other than originally specified items, be responsible for specified capacities and for ensuring that items to be furnished will fit space available.

1.10 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- .1 It is understood that while Drawings are to be followed as closely as circumstances permit, this Division will be held responsible for installation of systems according to the true intent and meaning of Contract Documents. Anything not clear or in conflict will be explained by making application to Consultant. Should conditions arise where certain changes would be advisable, secure Consultant's approval of these changes before proceeding with work.
- .2 Coordinate work of various trades in installing interrelated work. Before installation of electrical items, make proper provision to avoid interferences in a manner approved by Consultant. Changes required in work specified in these sections caused by neglect to do so shall be made at no cost to Owner.
- .3 Arrange fixtures, conduit, ducts, and equipment to permit ready access to junction boxes, starters, motors, control components, and to clear openings of doors and access panels.
- .4 Furnish and install inserts and supports required by these sections unless otherwise noted. Furnish sleeves, inserts, supports, and equipment that are an integral part of other Divisions of the Work to Sections involved in sufficient time to be built into construction as the Work proceeds. Locate these items and see that they are properly installed. Expense resulting from improper location or installation of items above shall be borne by the electrical trade.
- .5 Adjust locations of ducts, conduits, equipment, fixtures, etc, to accommodate work from interferences anticipated and encountered. Determine exact route and location of each conduit and duct prior to installation.
 - .1 Make offsets, transitions, and changes in direction of ducts, and electrical raceways as required to maintain proper head room and pitch of sloping lines whether or not indicated on Drawings.
 - .2 Supply and install pull boxes, etc, as required to effect these offsets, transitions, and changes in direction.

1.11 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (RFI) PROCEDURES

- .1 RFIs shall be submitted to the consultant minimum two (2) weeks prior to answer being required. Failure to submit and RFI in a timely manner will forfeit delay claims and schedule extension requests by the contractor.
- .2 All RFIs will be submitted with the following information:
 - .1 RFI number
 - .2 Name of project
 - .3 Date of initiation
 - .4 Date response required by (minimum two (2) weeks)
 - .5 Subject
 - .6 Submitter's name
 - .7 Drawing/specification reference
 - .8 Photograph of the issue (if applicable)
 - .9 Description of the issue
 - .10 Contractor's proposed resolution

1.12 DRAW BREAKDOWN

- .1 This Contractor MUST submit a breakdown of the tender price into classifications to the satisfaction of the Consultant, with the aggregate of the breakdown totaling the total contract amount. **Each item must be broken out into material and labour costs.** Progress claims, when submitted are to be itemized against each item of the draw breakdown. This shall be done in table form showing contract amount, amount this draw, total to date, % complete and balance.
- .2 Breakdown shall be as follows:
 - .1 Permits and fees
 - .2 Mobilization (maximum 1%)
 - .3 Demolition
 - .4 Panelboards and miscellaneous distribution equipment
 - .5 Branch conduits
 - .6 Feeder cables
 - .7 Branch wiring
 - .8 Lighting fixtures and controls
 - .9 Emergency lighting
 - .10 Fire alarm system
 - .11 Voice/Data system rough-ins
 - .12 Starters, contactors and control devices
 - .13 Wiring for mechanical equipment
 - .14 Wiring for owner's equipment
 - .15 **Commissioning and Integrated System Testing**
 - .16 Electrical contractor closeout requirements (minimum of 3% but not less than \$5,000.00)

- .3 The breakdown must be approved by the Consultant prior to submission of the first draw.
- .4 Breakdowns not complying to the above will not be approved.
- .5 Breakdown must indicate total contract amount.
- .6 **Mobilization amount may only be drawn when all required shop drawings have been reviewed by the consultant.**

1.13 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 General
 - .1 Furnish complete catalog data for manufactured items of equipment to be used in the Work to Consultant for review within 14 days after award of Contract.
 - .2 Upon receipt of reviewed shop drawing, product is to be ordered immediately.
 - .3 Provide a complete list of shop drawings to be submitted prior to first submission.
 - .4 Before submitting to the Consultant, review all shop drawings to verify that the products illustrated therein conform to the Contract Documents. By this review, the Contractor agrees that it has determined and verified all field dimensions, field construction criteria, materials, catalogue numbers, and similar data and that it has checked and coordinated each shop drawing with the requirements of the work and of the Contract Documents. The Contractor's review of each shop drawings shall be indicated by stamp, date and signature of a qualified and responsible person possessing by the appropriate authorization.
 - .5 If material or equipment is not as specified or submittal is not complete, it will be rejected by Consultant.
 - .6 Additional shop drawings required by the contractor for maintenance manuals, site copies etc., shall be photocopies of the "reviewed" shop drawings. All costs to provide additional copies of shop drawings shall be borne by the contractor.
 - .7 **Submit all shop drawings for the project as a package. Partial submittals will not be accepted.**
 - .8 Catalog data or shop drawings for equipment, which are noted as being reviewed by Consultant or his Engineer shall not supersede Contract Documents.
 - .9 Review comments of Consultant shall not relieve this Division from responsibility for deviations from Contract Documents unless Consultant's attention has been called to such deviations in writing at time of submission, nor shall they relieve this Division from responsibility for errors in items submitted.
 - .10 Check work described by catalog data with Contract Documents for deviations and errors.
 - .11 Shop drawings and product data shall show:
 - .1 Mounting arrangements.
 - .2 Operating and maintenance clearances. e.g. access door swing spaces.

- .12 Shop drawings and product data shall be accompanied by:
 - .1 Detailed drawings of bases, supports, and anchor bolts.
 - .2 Manufacturer test data where requested.
 - .3 Manufacturer to certify as to current model production.
 - .4 Certification of compliance to applicable codes.
- .13 State sizes, capacities, brand names, motor HP, accessories, materials, gauges, dimensions, and other pertinent information. List on catalog covers page numbers of submitted items. Underline applicable data.
- .14 **If a shop drawing is returned “reviewed as noted” this Contractor must provide written indication that the comments have been complied with.**
- .15 A partial list of shop drawings includes:
 - .1 Panelboards and miscellaneous distribution equipment
 - .2 Fire alarm system
 - .3 Luminaires and drivers
 - .4 Emergency battery units and fixtures
 - .5 Starters, contactors and control devices
 - .6 Firestopping materials
 - .7 Wiring devices
 - .8 Occupancy sensors and digital lighting controls
 - .9 Integrated Life Safety System Testing Plan (ITP)
- .2 Submissions shall be submitted electronically as per the following directions:
 - .1 Electronic Submissions:
 - .1 Electronically submitted shop drawings shall be prepared as follows:
 - .1 Use latest software to generate PDF files of submission sheets.
 - .2 Scanned legible PDF sheets are acceptable. Image files are not acceptable.
 - .3 PDF format shall be of sufficient resolution to clearly show the finest detail.
 - .4 PDF page size shall be standardized for printing to letter size (8.5"x11"), portrait with no additional formatting required by the consultant. Submissions requiring larger detail sheets shall not exceed 11"x17".
 - .5 Submissions shall contain multiple files according to section names as they appear in Specification.
 - .6 File names shall include consultant project number and description of shop drawing section submitted.

- .7 Each submission shall contain an index sheet listing the products submitted, indexed in the same order as they appear in the Specification. Include associated PDF file name for each section.
- .8 On the shop drawing use an “electronic mark” to indicate what is being provided.
- .9 **Each file shall bear an electronic representation of the “company stamp” of the contractor. If not stamped the file submission will not be reviewed.**
- .2 Email submissions shall include subject line to clearly identify the consultants’ project number and the description of the shop drawings submitted.
- .3 Electronic attachments via email shall not exceed 10MB. For submissions larger than 10MB, multiple email messages shall be used. Denote related email messages by indicating “1 of 2” and “2 of 2” in email subject line for the case of two messages.
- .4 Electronic attachments via web links (URL) shall directly reference PDF files. Provide necessary access credentials within link or as username/password clearly identified within body of email message.
- .5 On site provide one copy of the “reviewed” shop drawings in a binder as noted above.
- .6 Contractor to print copies of “reviewed” shop drawings and compile into maintenance manuals in accordance with requirements detailed in this section.

1.14 CARE, OPERATION AND START-UP

- .1 Instruct Consultant and operating personnel in the operation, care and maintenance of equipment.
- .2 Arrange and pay for services of manufacturer's factory service engineer to supervise start-up of installation, check, adjust, balance and calibrate components.
- .3 Provide these services for such period, and for as many visits as necessary to put equipment in operation, and ensure that operating personnel are conversant with all aspects of its care and operation.

1.15 VOLTAGE RATINGS

- .1 Operating voltages: to CAN3-C235-83.
- .2 Motors, electric heating, control and distribution devices and equipment to operate satisfactorily at 60 Hz within normal operating limits established by above standard. Equipment to operate in extreme operating conditions established in above standard without damage to equipment.

1.16 PERMITS, FEES AND INSPECTION

- .1 A submission has been made (if required by this scope of project) by the consultant to the Electrical Safety Authority for review of this project. The payment of the required review costs will be co-ordinated by the consultant. A copy of the Electrical Safety Authority review report will be forwarded to the successful contractor for information and action.
- .2 The contractor is required to include in his tender all required inspection costs by the Electrical Safety Authority. Permit application is the responsibility of the contractor.
- .3 Reproduce drawings and specifications required by Electrical Safety Authority at no cost.
- .4 Notify Consultant of changes required by Electrical Safety Authority prior to making changes.
- .5 Furnish Certificates of Acceptance to Engineer from Electrical Safety Authority and other authorities having jurisdiction upon completion of work.
- .6 This contractor must furnish any certificates required to indicate that the work completed conforms with laws and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

1.17 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- .1 Equipment and material to be CSA certified. Where there is no alternative to supplying equipment which is not CSA certified, obtain special approval from Electrical Safety Authority.
- .2 Factory assemble control panels and component assemblies.

1.18 ELECTRIC MOTORS, EQUIPMENT, AND CONTROLS

- .1 Supplier and installer responsibility is indicated in the Equipment Wiring Schedule on electrical drawings.
- .2 Control wiring and conduit is specified in the Electrical specifications except for conduit, wiring and connections below 50 V, which are related to control systems specified in the Mechanical specifications.

1.19 FINISHES

- .1 Shop finish metal enclosure surfaces by application of rust resistant primer inside and outside, and at least two coats of finish enamel.
 - .1 Paint outdoor electrical equipment "equipment green" finish.
 - .2 Paint indoor switchgear and distribution enclosures light grey.
- .2 Clean and touch up surfaces of shop-painted equipment scratched or marred during shipment or installation, to match original paint.
- .3 Clean and prime exposed non-galvanized hangers, racks, fastenings, and conduits etc. to prevent rusting.

1.20 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify electrical equipment with nameplates as follows:
- .2 Nameplates:
 - .1 Lamicaid 3 mm (1/8") thick plastic engraving sheet, black face, white core, mechanically attached with self tapping screws.

NAMEPLATE SIZES

Size 1	9 mm x 50 mm (3/8" x 2")	1 line	3 mm (1/8") high letters
Size 2	12 mm x 70 mm (1/2" x 2 1/2")	1 line	5 mm (3/16") high letters
Size 3	12 mm x 70 mm (1/2" x 2 1/2")	2 lines	3 mm (1/8") high letters
Size 4	20 mm x 90 mm (3/4" x 3 1/2")	1 line	9 mm (3/8") high letters
Size 5	20 mm x 90 mm (3/4" x 3 1/2")	2 lines	5 mm (3/16") high letters
Size 6	25 mm x 100 mm (1" x 4")	1 line	12 mm (1/2") high letters
Size 7	25 mm x 100 mm (1" x 4")	2 lines	6 mm (1/4") high letters

- .3 Wording on nameplates labels to be approved by Consultant prior to manufacture.
- .4 Allow for average of twenty-five (25) letters per nameplate.
- .5 Identification to be English.
- .6 Nameplates for terminal cabinets and junction boxes to indicate system and/or voltage characteristics.
- .7 Nameplates for disconnects, starters and contactors must indicate equipment being controlled and voltage.

1.21 WIRING IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify wiring with permanent indelible identifying markings, either numbered or coloured plastic tapes, on both ends of phase conductors of feeders and branch circuit wiring.
- .2 Maintain phase sequence and colour coding throughout.
- .3 Colour code: to CSA C22.1.
- .4 Use colour coded wires in communication cables, matched throughout system.

1.22 CONDUIT AND CABLE IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Colour code conduits, boxes and metallic sheathed cables.
- .2 Code with plastic tape or paint at points where conduit or cable enters wall, ceiling, or floor, and at 15 m (45') intervals.
- .3 Colour bands must be 25 mm (1") wide.

	<u>Prime</u>
up to 208 V	yellow
Voice/data system	green
Fire alarm	red
Emergency lighting	pink
- .4 This contractor must paint all system junction boxes and covers in conformance with the above schedule.

1.23 PROTECTION OF OPENINGS

- .1 Protect equipment and systems openings from dirt, dust, and other foreign materials with materials appropriate to system.

1.24 WIRING TERMINATIONS

- .1 Lugs, terminals, screws used for termination of wiring to be suitable for either copper or aluminum conductors.

1.25 MANUFACTURERS AND CSA LABELS

- .1 All labels must be visible and legible after equipment is installed.

1.26 WARNING SIGNS

- .1 To meet requirements of Electrical Safety Authority and Consultant.
- .2 Provide porcelain enamel signs, with a minimum size of 175 mm x 250 mm (7" x 10").

1.27 LOCATION OF OUTLETS

- .1 Do not install outlets back-to-back in wall; allow minimum 150 mm (6") horizontal clearance between boxes.
- .2 Change location of outlets at no extra cost or credit, providing distance does not exceed 3 m (10'), and information is given before installation.
- .3 Locate light switches on latch side of doors. Locate disconnect devices in mechanical and elevator machine rooms on latch side of door.

1.28 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- .1 Mounting height of equipment is from finished floor to centreline of equipment unless specified or indicated otherwise. Coordinate with block coursing (if applicable).
- .2 If mounting height of equipment is not specified or indicated, verify before proceeding with installation.
- .3 Install electrical equipment at following heights unless indicated otherwise.
 - .1 Local switches: 1100 mm (43.3").
 - .2 Wall receptacles:
 - .1 General: 400 mm (16").
 - .2 Above top of continuous baseboard heater: 200 mm (8").
 - .3 Above top of counters or counter splash backs: 100 mm (4").
 - .4 In mechanical rooms: 1200 mm (48").
 - .3 Panelboards: as required by Code or 1400 mm (56").
 - .4 Voice/Data outlets: At height of adjacent outlet or at 400 mm (16").
 - .5 Fire alarm stations: 1200 mm (3' - 11").
 - .6 Fire alarm visual and signal devices: 2250 mm (88 ½").

- .7 Television outlets: 400 mm (16").
- .8 Thermostat: 1200 mm (3'-11").
- .9 Clocks: 2100 mm (84").
- .10 Heaters: 200 mm (8" AFF) to bottom of heater.
- .11 Emergency call switches and/or pushbuttons: 900 mm (36").

1.29 LOAD BALANCE

- .1 Measure phase current to panelboards with normal loads (lighting) operating at time of acceptance. Adjust branch circuit connections as required to obtain best balance of current between phases and record changes.
- .2 Measure phase voltages at loads and adjust transformer taps to within 2% of rated voltage of equipment.
- .3 Submit, at completion of work, report listing phase and neutral currents on panelboards, dry-core transformers and motor control centres, operating under normal load. State hour and date on which each load was measured, and voltage at time of test.

1.30 CONDUIT AND CABLE INSTALLATION

- .1 Install conduit and sleeves prior to pouring of concrete. Sleeves through concrete shall be schedule 40 steel pipe, sized for free passage of conduit, and protruding 50 mm (2") beyond either side.
- .2 Install cables, conduits and fittings to be embedded or plastered over, neatly and close to building structure so furring can be kept to minimum.

1.31 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Conduct and pay for following tests:
 - .1 Power distribution system including phasing, voltage, grounding, and load balancing.
 - .2 Circuits originating from branch distribution panels.
 - .3 Lighting and its control.
 - .4 Motors, heaters and associated control equipment including sequenced operation of systems where applicable.
 - .5 Systems: fire alarm system, communications, security.
- .2 Furnish manufacturer's certificate or letter confirming that entire installation as it pertains to each system has been installed to manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 Insulation resistance testing.
 - .1 Megger circuits, feeders and equipment up to 350 V with a 500 V instrument.
 - .2 Megger 350-600 V circuits, feeders and equipment with a 1000 V instrument.
 - .3 Check resistance to ground before energizing.

- .4 Carry out tests in presence of Consultant.
- .5 Provide instruments, meters, equipment and personnel required to conduct tests during and at conclusion of project.
- .6 Submit test results for Consultant's review.

1.32 GUARANTEE AND WARRANTY

- .1 At ready for takeover of this project this Contractor must provide a written guarantee indicating that any defects, not due to ordinary wear and tear or improper use which occur within the first year from the date of ready for takeover will be corrected at the contractors expense.
- .2 **If the electrical sub-contractor's office is 50 kilometers (30 miles) or more from the project site, the sub-contractor is to provide a service/warranty work agreement for warranty period with a local electrical sub-contractor approved by Consultant. Include copy of service/warranty agreement in warranty section of operation and maintenance manual.**
- .3 Warranty period shall start from date of ready for takeover completion.
- .4 Refer to individual specification sections for information on any special manufacturer's equipment warranties.

1.33 SYSTEM START UP

- .1 Provide consultant with written notice verifying all equipment operation and installation is complete prior to scheduled start-up period.
- .2 Start up shall be in presence of the following: owner or representative, contractor, and manufacturer's representative. Each person shall witness and sign off each piece of equipment. Consultant's attendance will be determined by consultant.
- .3 Arrange with all parties and provide 72 hours notice for start up procedure.
- .4 Simulate system start up and shut down and verify operation of each piece of equipment.
- .5 These tests are to demonstrate that the systems and equipment installed are operational as specified.
- .6 The contractor must describe during the start up session the required maintenance for each piece of equipment according to the manufacturer.
- .7 The contractor must provide all necessary tools (including a digital multimeter) to successfully complete the start up procedure.

1.34 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- .1 Provide operation and maintenance data for incorporation into manual as specified in other Sections of this Division.

- .2 Operation and maintenance manual to be approved by, and final copies deposited with, Consultant before final inspection.
 - .1 Submit 1 copy of Operation and Maintenance Manual to Consultant for approval. Submission of individual data will not be accepted unless so directed by Consultant. Submission can be done electronically in pdf format or as a hardcopy.
 - .1 Electronic submission/pdf file is required to be bookmarked. Any submission received without bookmarking will be immediately returned as unacceptable.
 - .2 Hardcopy submission shall be in a three-ring binder (minimum 50 mm (2") ring) and labelled as 'Operation and Maintenance Manual' with project name and location. Dividers are to be used for binder organization.
 - .2 Make changes as required and re-submit as directed by Consultant.
- .3 Each manual must include (in "tabbed" sections) the following:
 - .1 Index
 - .2 List of General, Mechanical, Electrical Contractors and all associated sub-contractor names, addresses and contact numbers.
 - .3 List of suppliers and equipment wholesalers local to the project.
 - .4 One year warranty letter for all parts, equipment and workmanship.
 - .5 List of manufacturers, spare parts list and source.
 - .6 Copy of typewritten schedules for all new and renovated panels.
 - .7 Copy of all substantial performance final certificates.
 - .8 Copy of electrical shop drawings which have been stamped and reviewed by Consultant.
 - .9 Electrical As-built drawings including contractor company's as built stamp.
 - .10 Any special warranties on equipment required (i.e. LED lighting, digital lighting control).
 - .11 Certificate of completion from all associated sub-contractors.
 - .12 Lighting Control System commissioning certificate and report.
- .4 Final Submittals:
 - .1 Upon acceptance of Operation and Maintenance Manual by the Consultant provide the following:
 - .1 Provide one (1) copy of final operation maintenance manuals, as well as a PDF file of the entire approved manual on a USB stick. Only one USB stick is to be provided containing both the approved manual and as-built drawings.

1.35 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- .1 Site records:
 - .1 Contractor shall provide 2 sets of reproducible electrical drawings. Provide sets of white prints as required for each phase of the work. Mark thereon all changes as work progresses and as changes occur. This shall include field and contract changes to electrical systems.
 - .2 On a weekly basis, transfer information to reproducibles, revising reproducibles to show all work as actually installed.
 - .3 Use different colour waterproof ink for each service.
 - .4 Make available for reference purposes and inspection at all times.
- .2 As-built drawings:
 - .1 Identify each drawing in lower right hand corner in letters at least 3 mm (1/8") high as follows: - "AS-BUILT DRAWINGS: THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN REVISED TO SHOW ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS AS INSTALLED" (Signature of Contractor) (date).
 - .2 Submit hard copy to Consultant for approval. When returned, make corrections (if any) as directed.
 - .3 Once approved, submit completed reproducible paper as-built drawings as well as a scanned pdf file copy on USB stick with Operating and Maintenance Manuals.

1.36 DEMONSTRATION AND OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

- .1 Supply tools, equipment and personnel to demonstrate and instruct operating and maintenance personnel in operating, controlling, adjusting, trouble-shooting and servicing of all systems and equipment during regular work hours, prior to acceptance.
- .2 Manufacturers or their representatives are to provide demonstrations and instructions.
- .3 Use operation and maintenance manual, As-built drawings, audio visual aids, etc. as part of instruction materials.
- .4 Instruction duration time requirements as specified in appropriate sections.
- .5 Where deemed necessary, Consultants may record these demonstrations on video tape for future reference.

1.37 READY FOR TAKEOVER

- .1 Complete the following to the satisfaction of the consultant prior to request for ready for takeover.
 - .1 As-built Drawings.
 - .2 Maintenance Manuals.
 - .3 System Start up.
 - .4 Instructions to Owners.

- .5 Final Certificates
 - .1 Electrical Safety Authority
 - .2 Emergency Lighting
 - .3 Integrated Life Safety Systems Commissioning
 - .4 Fire Alarm Verification Certificate

1.38 TRIAL USAGE

- .1 Consultant or owner may use equipment and systems for test purposes prior to acceptance. Supply labour, material, and instruments required for testing.

1.39 REVISION TO CONTRACT

- .1 Provide the following for each item in a given change notice:
 - .1 Itemized list of material with associated costs.
 - .2 Labour rate and itemized list of labour for each item.
 - .3 Copy of manufacturers/suppliers invoice if requested.

1.40 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- .1 Equipment supports supplied by equipment manufacturer: shall be installed by the electrical contractor.
- .2 Equipment supports not supplied by equipment manufacturer: fabricate from structural grade steel meeting requirements of - Structural Steel Section. Submit structural calculations with shop drawings if necessary.
- .3 Mount base mounted equipment on chamfered edge housekeeping pads, minimum of 100 mm (4") high and 150 mm (6") larger than equipment dimensions all around. This installation of this pad shall be the responsibility of the electrical contractor.
- .4 This contractor shall be responsible for providing all anchor bolts and associated formed concrete bases for lighting standards as detailed.

1.41 SLEEVES

- .1 Pipe sleeves: at points where pipes pass through masonry, concrete, or fire rated assemblies and as indicated.
- .2 Schedule 40 steel pipe.
- .3 Sleeves with annular fin continuously welded at midpoint:
 - .1 Through foundation walls.
 - .2 Where sleeve extends above finished floor.
- .4 Sizes: minimum 6 mm (1/4") clearance all around, between sleeve and conduit.
- .5 Terminate sleeves flush with surface of concrete and masonry walls, concrete floors on grade and 25 mm (1") above other floors.
- .6 Through foundation walls PVC sleeves are acceptable.

- .7 Fill voids around pipes:
 - .1 Caulk between sleeve and pipe in foundation walls and below grade floors with waterproof fire retardant non-hardening mastic.
 - .2 Where sleeves pass through walls or floors, provide space for firestopping. Where pipes/ducts pass through fire rated walls, floors and partitions, maintain fire rating integrity.
 - .3 Fill future-use sleeves with easily removable filler.

1.42 FIRESTOPPING

- .1 Firestopping material and installation within annular space between conduits, ducts, and adjacent fire separation.
- .2 Provide materials and systems capable of maintaining effective barrier against flame, smoke, and gases.
- .3 Comply with the requirements of CAN4-S115-M35, and do not exceed opening sized for which they have been tested.
- .4 Systems to have an F or FT rating (as applicable) not less than the fire protection rating required for closures in a fire separation.
- .5 Provide “firewrap” blanket around services penetrating firewalls. Extent of blanket must correspond to ULC recommendations. In general wrap individual conduits with approved firewrap materials on each side of firewall. Refer to architectural drawings for FT ratings. Provide 1 and/or 2 layers of firewrap with transverse and longitudinal seams overlapped and/or butted (second layer offset from first layer). Cut edges are to be sealed with aluminum foil tape. Provide 50 mm stainless steel banding at 200 mm intervals. Install firewrap to manufacturers’ recommendations for proper FT rating. Acceptable manufacturers are 3M Firemaster ductwrap or approved equal.
- .6 The firestopping materials are not to shrink, slump or sag and be free of asbestos, halogens and volatile solvents.
- .7 Firestopping materials are to consist of a component sealant applied with a conventional caulking gun and trowel.
- .8 Firestop materials are to be capable of receiving finish materials in those areas, which are exposed and scheduled to receive finishes.
- .9 Firestopping shall be inspected and approved by local authority prior to concealment or enclosure.
- .10 Install material and components in accordance with ULC certification, manufacturers instructions and local authority.
- .11 **Submit product literature and installation material on firestopping in shop drawing and product data manual.**

- .12 Acceptable manufacturers:
 - .1 Rectorseal Corporation (Metacaulk)
 - .2 Proset Systems
 - .3 3M
 - .4 Hilti
 - .5 STI Firestop

Note: Fire stop material must conform to requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction. Contractor to confirm prior to application and ensure material used is compatible with that used by other trades on site.

- .13 Ensure firestop manufacturer representative performs on site inspections and certifies installation. Submit inspection reports/certification at time of ready for takeover.

1.43 PAINTING

- .1 Refer to Section Interior Painting and specified elsewhere.
- .2 Apply at least one coat of corrosion resistant primer paint to ferrous supports and site fabricated work.
- .3 Prime and touch up marred finished paintwork to match original.
- .4 Restore to new condition, or replace equipment at discretion of consultant, finishes which have been damaged too extensively to be merely primed and touched up.

1.44 ACCESS DOORS

- .1 Supply access doors to concealed electrical equipment for operating, inspecting, adjusting and servicing.
- .2 Flush mounted 600 mm x 600 mm (24" x 24") for body entry and 300 mm x 300 mm (12" x 12") for hand entry unless otherwise noted. Doors to open 180°, have rounded safety corners, concealed hinges, screwdriver latches and anchor straps.
- .3 Material:
 - .1 Special areas such as tiled or marble surfaces: use stainless steel with brushed satin or polished finish as directed by Consultant.
 - .2 Remaining areas: use prime coated steel.
 - .3 Fire rated areas: provide ULC listed access doors
- .4 Installation:
 - .1 Locate so that concealed items are accessible.
 - .2 Locate so that hand or body entry (as applicable) is achieved.
 - .3 Installation is specified in applicable sections.
- .5 Acceptable materials:
 - .1 Le Hage
 - .2 Zurn
 - .3 Acudor
 - .4 Nailor Industries Inc.

1.45 DELIVERY STORAGE & HANDLING

- .1 Follow Manufacturer's directions in delivery, storage, and protection, of equipment and materials. Contractor to include all costs associated with delivery storage and handling in tender price.
- .2 Deliver equipment and material to site and tightly cover and protect against dirt, water, and chemical or mechanical injury, but have readily accessible for inspection. Store items subject to moisture damage (such as controls) in dry, heated space.

1.46 REPAIR, CUTTING, CORING AND RESTORATION

- .1 Be responsible for required digging, cutting, and patching incident to work of this Division and make required repairs afterwards to satisfaction of Consultant. Cut carefully to minimize necessity for repairs to existing work. Do not cut beams, columns, or trusses.
- .2 Patch and repair walls, floors, ceilings, and roofs with materials of same quality and appearance as adjacent surfaces unless otherwise shown. Surface finishes shall exactly match existing finishes of same materials.
- .3 Each Section of this Division shall bear expense of cutting, patching, repairing, and replacing of work of other Sections required because of its fault, error, tardiness, or because of damage done by it.
- .4 Cutting, patching, repairing, and replacing pavements, sidewalks, roads, and curbs to permit installation of work of this Division is responsibility of Section installing work.
- .5 Slots, cores and openings through floors, walls, ceilings, and roofs shall be provided by this contractor but performed by a trade specializing in this type of work. This Division shall see that they are properly located and do any cutting and patching caused by its neglect to do so.

1.47 EXISTING SYSTEMS

- .1 Connections into existing systems to be made at time approved by Consultant. Request written approval of time when connections can be made.
- .2 Be responsible for damage to existing plant by this work.

1.48 CLEANING

- .1 Clean interior and exterior of all electrical equipment provided including light fixture lenses.
- .2 In preparation for final acceptance, clean and refurbish all equipment and leave in operating condition.

1.49 DISCONNECTION AND REMOVAL

- .1 Disconnect and/or remove equipment as indicated.
- .2 Cap and conceal all redundant and obsolete connections.
- .3 Provide a list of equipment to be removed to the owner, for his acceptance of same. Remove all equipment from site, which the owner does not retain.
- .4 Store equipment to be retained by owner on site where directed by consultant.

1.50 OWNER SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

- .1 Connect to equipment supplied by the owner and make operable.
- .2 Design drawings are diagrammatic and do not necessarily indicate all specific final connection requirements. For the purposes of bidding, electrical trade shall include but not be limited to provision of a junction box to connect equipment wiring tail, provision of suitable disconnecting means, and flexible connection directly to equipment.

1.51 ENCLOSURES

- .1 This contractor must ensure that all electrical equipment mounted in sprinklered areas is provided with an enclosure in conformance with the Electrical Safety Code.

1.52 EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB X-RAY/SCANNING

- .1 This contractor shall retain the services of a qualified company to provide and X-ray and/or scan of the existing buried services in walls and/or floors prior to starting any work in the affected area.
- .2 Failure to locate existing piping, conduit, rebar etc., shall not relieve this contractor of repair of same prior to installing his service.
- .3 This contractor shall be responsible for all repairs and/or replacement of existing services caused by cutting the existing concrete slabs and/or walls.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- .1 Conform to the General Provisions of Division 1 and Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 This project is one of a retrofit nature in part, and which will require extensive demolition.
- .3 Allow for all remedial work in areas indicated on the drawings and as generally defined in the relevant sections of the specifications.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- .1 The scope of work is essentially the selected disconnection and/or removal of services and/or equipment, devices etc. as indicated or required to complete the work.
- .2 The reference drawings indicate some of the services which shall remain, and some may have to be retained through construction and a phased changeover to help construction i.e. electrical service, phone service, winter heat, and temporary construction services i.e. washroom facility. This co-ordination remains the responsibility of the contractors.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 This Division is to liaise with the Owners or Consultant for equipment being removed that may be suitable for reuse to that specified or handed over to the owner.
- .2 This Division to take full responsibility for any special tools or equipment required to disassemble or remove material from building.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 GENERAL

- .1 The general requirements are indicated on the drawings and on the outline specification in Division 1.
- .2 The general execution of the demolition is to be carried out in a clean and efficient manner.
- .3 Demolition of existing ceiling, walls etc., to facilitate removal of existing services or equipment or installation of new to be kept to a minimum and then restored to match existing.
- .4 All openings or holes created by removal of existing electrical systems which are not being reused are to be patched with the same material surrounding surfaces.
- .5 All new holes and openings to facilitate electrical systems are to be patched to match surrounding surfaces.

- .6 Protect all existing furnishings materials and equipment. Any damage occurring as a result of the work of this Division shall be repaired or replaced at the expense of this Division.
- .7 Where work involves breaking into or connecting to existing services, carry out work at times directed by the Owners in an expedient manner with minimum disruption to the facility and systems downtime.
- .8 Where unknown services are encountered immediately advise Consultant and confirm findings in writing.
- .9 Where the location of any services has been shown on the plans, such information is not guaranteed. It is this Division's responsibility to verify locations, etc., immediately after moving on site. Should for any reason the information obtained necessitates changes in procedure or design, advise the Consultant at once. If verification of existing conditions is not done at the outset and any problems arise, the responsibility for same is entirely this Division's.
- .10 Disconnect and/or remove equipment, devices, cabling, services, etc. as indicated.
- .11 Remove all redundant and obsolete systems, connections, and wiring.
- .12 Provide a list of equipment to be removed to the owner, for their acceptance of same. Remove all equipment from site that the owner does not retain.
- .13 Maintain equipment to be retained by owner on site where directed by consultant.
- .14 Demolition of all parts of the work must be completed within the confines of the work area and in such a way as the dust produced and risk to injury of will not adversely affect the building users.
- .15 Demolished areas of the existing building will remain in their current use in some cases. Demolition in these areas must be kept to the minimum required to complete the work.
- .16 Demolition shall take place within areas isolated from all other areas with appropriate hoarding, scaffolding, netting, fencing or other means of security between building users and the work.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 INTENT

- .1 Life safety and fire protection systems are to be installed to comply with the provisions of the current Ontario Building and Fire Codes. As a result, testing of these integrated systems must be performed as a whole to ensure the proper operation and inter-relationship between systems (functional testing).
- .2 The testing is to provide functional verification and documented confirmation that these building systems satisfy the intent of the Building Code.
- .3 These systems as applicable to any given project include but are not limited to fire alarm, door hold open devices, elevator recalls, suppression systems, and emergency lighting.

1.2 GENERAL

- .1 This testing process is the responsibility of the Integrated Testing Firm as a sub-contractor to the electrical trade. Electrical trade to include all costs associated with the Integrated Testing Coordinator in contract.
- .2 This process must be co-ordinated with suppliers and sub-contractors associated with these systems (mechanical and/or electrical).
- .3 This process must be co-ordinated with the project construction schedule and be completed, including all associated documentation, prior to the consultant's certification of the project for occupancy.
- .4 All applicable contractors, sub-contractors, and suppliers are to include all required costs in their respective tender costs.
- .5 All work is to be performed in accordance with CAN/ULC S1001-2011. Special consideration is to be given to the Sample Integrated Testing Plan (ITP), the review of life safety system design documents, and the provision of test plans and reports.
- .6 The work to be performed by this contractor is also described in CAN/ULC S1001-2011.
- .7 Refer to CAN/ULC S1001-11 Rev1-2019 Informative Annex (C) for Sample Integrated Testing Plan (ITP).

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 The following criteria must be met in order to be considered an acceptable Integrated Testing Coordinator for this project:
 - .1 Manufacturers: Firms regularly engaged in functional testing and implementation of life safety and fire protection systems for not less than five years.
 - .2 Qualifications: Firms with at least five years of successful experience in facility construction, inspection, acceptance testing or commissioning as it relates to fire protection and life safety and equipment similar to that required for this project.

- .3 The Contractor shall be an established commissioning contractor that has had and currently maintains a locally run and operated business for at least five years.
- .4 The Contractor shall show satisfactory evidence, upon request, that he maintains a fully equipped service organization capable of furnishing adequate inspection and service to the systems.
- .2 For bidder information only, experienced Life Safety Systems Testing Firms include these listed below or local branches of the companies noted in the vicinity of this project:
 - .1 Vintage Fire and Life Safety Ltd.
25 Coverdale Cres.
Kitchener, Ontario N2M 4X1
 - .2 Troy Life and Fire Safety
805 Boxwood Dr., Unit #201
Cambridge, Ontario N3E 1A4
 - .3 Control Tech Systems
31 Regal Road
Guelph, Ontario N1K 1B6
 - .4 Lonergan Engineering
4 Industrial Parkway South
Aurora, Ontario L4G 3W1
 - .5 Guardian Fire Consulting Group
55-346 Northfield Dr.
Waterloo, Ontario N2K 3T6

NOTE: This agent must be a third party firm NOT associated with this project in any way and be under contract with the electrical sub-contractor not the fire alarm supplier.
- .3 Other firms to these listed above, who feel they are capable, must submit in writing, to the Consultant's office confirmation of the items listed in the criteria above, a minimum of one week prior to tender close in order to be considered as a bidder.

1.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The Commissioning Process shall generally encompass and co-ordinate the following key areas:
 - .1 Integrated systems testing planning.
 - .2 Integrated systems testing implementation (functional testing).
 - .3 Integrated systems testing documentation

1.5 RESPONSIBILITIES

- .1 General Contractor:
 - .1 The general contractor shall verify completeness of the building envelope, perimeter and interior items which affect proper operation of the noted systems.

- .2 The general contractor will assure participation and co-operation of Sub-Contractors and Specialty Contractors (mechanical, electrical, building management, etc.) under the General Contractor's jurisdiction as required for the commissioning process.
- .2 Mechanical Contractor:
 - .1 Verify Functional performance of associated mechanical systems for compliance with design intent as specified in the appropriate Specification sections.
 - .2 Provide the documentation with standard Functional performance reports on completion of the testing.
 - .3 Verify submissions for system operation and maintenance manuals, as-built documents, spare parts listing, special tools listing, and other items as may be specified.
- .3 Electrical Contractor:
 - .1 The Integrated Life Safety Systems Testing Coordinator (ITC) is being retained by the electrical contractor, however; this contractor's work to satisfy the ITC requirements shall be included in the tender price.
 - .2 Verify Functional performance of electrical systems for compliance with design intent as specified in the appropriate Specification sections.
 - .3 Provide the documentation with standard Functional performance reports on completion of the testing.
 - .4 Verify submissions for electrical system operation and maintenance manuals, as-built documents, spare parts listing, special tools listing, and other items as may be specified.
 - .5 As a minimum this contractor must include for:
 - .1 Providing the ITC with documentation of design and shop drawings.
 - .2 Provide documents for sequence of operation and maintenance of system.
 - .3 Testing of all components and accessories to confirm Alarm/Supervisory/Trouble at the fire panel.
 - .4 Testing and operation of any generator (s) as applicable to the project.
 - .5 Other items that may be requested by the ITC.
 - .6 Re-commissioning of any items that may have failed.
 - .7 Re-setting of the system to proper operation after tests are completed.
 - .8 Provide written confirmation that life safety systems are installed in accordance with applicable codes and standards, as well as the scope of the project engineering documents.
- .4 Equipment Manufacturers:
 - .1 The equipment manufacturers shall be responsible for providing labour, material, equipment, etc., required within the scope of the respective equipment to facilitate the commissioning process.
 - .2 The equipment manufacturers will perform Pre-Functional and Functional Performance Tests required by the commissioning process.

- .5 Design Engineer:
 - .1 The design engineer shall review and provide written confirmation of acceptance of the Integrated Testing Plan (ITP).
 - .2 The design engineer shall observe Functional Performance Testing, at his discretion.
 - .3 The design engineer shall provide technical capabilities for resolution of deficiencies, where required.
 - .4 The design engineer shall provide necessary information to assist Integrated Test Coordinator including written confirmation of life safety systems installation in accordance with project engineering documents and are ready for integrated testing.

Part 2 Commissioning Process

2.1 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- .1 Furnish Final, reviewed Operation and Maintenance Manuals to the Consultant fourteen (14) days prior to scheduled Functional Performance Tests.

2.2 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

- .1 The contractor shall be responsible for the Functional Performance Tests. These tests ensure that all equipment and systems are installed in accordance with the Specifications, Drawings and manufacturers' requirements.
- .2 The contractor shall be responsible for co-ordinating schedule for Functional tests of various equipment and systems.
- .3 In the Functional Test, all noted systems and sub-systems shall be checked for the following:
 - .1 Verify that each element has been properly installed, properly identified, and that all connections have been made correctly.
 - .2 Verify that tests, meter readings, and specific mechanical/electrical performance characteristics agree with those required by equipment or system manufacturer.
 - .3 Re-commission any item(s) that may have failed.
 - .4 Notify the consultant in writing, at least fourteen (14) days prior to the date of Functional Performance Testing. Schedule the Functional performance tests over a period of consecutive business days.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 CSA C22.2 No.0.3-92, Test Methods for Electrical Wires and Cables.
- .2 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.131-M89(R1994), Type TECK 90 Cable.

1.2 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.

Part 2 Products

2.1 BUILDING WIRES

- .1 Conductors: stranded for 10 AWG and larger.
- .2 Minimum size: 12 AWG.
- .3 Copper conductors: size as indicated, with 600 V insulation of chemically cross-linked thermosetting polyethylene material 90°C (194°F) rated T90 for indoor above grade installations and RW90 for below grade installations.

2.2 TECK CABLE

- .1 Cable: to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.131.
- .2 Conductors:
 - .1 Grounding conductor: copper.
 - .2 Circuit conductors: copper, size as indicated.
- .3 Inner jacket: polyvinyl chloride material.
- .4 Armour: aluminum.
- .5 Overall covering: polyvinyl chloride material.
- .6 Fastenings:
 - .1 One hole steel zinc straps to secure surface cables 50 mm (2") and smaller. Two hole steel straps for cables larger than 50 mm (2").
 - .2 Channel type supports for two or more cables at 1500 mm (60") centres.
 - .3 Threaded rods: 6 mm (1/4") diameter to support suspended channels.
- .7 Connectors must be suitable for:
 - .1 Installed environment and approved for use with TECK cable.

2.3 ARMoured CABLES

- .1 Conductors: insulated, copper minimum size as indicated above.
- .2 Type: AC90 (minimum size 12 AWG).

- .3 Armour: interlocking type fabricated from aluminum strip.
- .4 Connectors must be suitable for installed environment and approved for use with armoured cable.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION OF BUILDING WIRES

- .1 Install wiring from source to load through raceways as specified.
- .2 Provide separate neutral conductors for all lighting circuits and circuits originating from surge protected panels. Size raceways accordingly.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF TECK CABLE 0 - 1000 V

- .1 Group cables wherever possible on channels.
- .2 Terminate cables in accordance with Wire and Box Connectors - 0 - 1000 V Section.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF ARMOURED CABLES

- .1 Group cables wherever possible.
- .2 Terminate cables in accordance with Wire and Box Connectors - 0 - 1000 V Section.
- .3 These cables are to be installed in concealed locations only. These concealed locations are considered to be stud walls and “drops” to stud walls, lighting fixtures, and ceiling mounted devices.
- .4 **These “drops” shall not be permitted to exceed 2.4 m (8'-0”). To limit these “drops” to lengths noted above provide additional branch wiring in conduit.**

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data for cabinets in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Splitters must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 76 (latest edition).
- .2 Junction and pull boxes must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 40 (latest edition)

2.2 SPLITTERS

- .1 Sheet metal enclosure, welded corners and formed hinged cover suitable for locking in closed position.
- .2 Main and branch lugs to match required size and number of incoming and outgoing conductors as indicated.
- .3 At least three spare terminals on each set of lugs in splitters less than 400 A.
- .4 Splitter length must match arrangement of equipment unless indicated otherwise.

2.3 JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES

- .1 Welded steel construction with screw-on flat covers for surface mounting.
- .2 Covers with 25 mm (1") minimum extension all around, for flush-mounted pull and junction boxes.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 SPLITTER INSTALLATION

- .1 Install splitters and mount plumb, true and square to the building lines on 21 mm (3/4") painted plywood backboards.

3.2 JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES INSTALLATION

- .1 Install pull boxes in inconspicuous but accessible locations.
- .2 Install junction and pull boxes so as not to exceed 30 m (100') of conduit run between pull boxes and in conformance with the Electrical Safety Code.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with General Electrical Requirements Section.
- .2 Install size 2 identification labels indicating system name, voltage and phase.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 Outlet boxes, conduit boxes, and fittings must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 18 (latest edition).

Part 2 Products

2.1 OUTLET AND CONDUIT BOXES GENERAL

- .1 Size boxes in accordance with CSA C22.1.
- .2 102 mm (4") square or larger outlet boxes as required for special devices.
- .3 Gang boxes where wiring devices are grouped.
- .4 Blank cover plates for boxes without wiring devices.
- .5 Combination boxes with barriers where outlets for more than one system are grouped.

2.2 SHEET STEEL OUTLET BOXES

- .1 Electro-galvanized steel single and multi gang flush device boxes for flush installation, minimum size 76 mm x 50 mm x 64 mm (3" x 2" x 2½") or as indicated. 102 mm (4") square outlet boxes when more than one conduit enters one side with extension and plaster rings as required. Iberville 1104 Series.
- .2 Electro-galvanized steel utility boxes for outlets connected to surface-mounted EMT conduit **in utility rooms**, minimum size 102 mm x 57 mm x 38 mm (4" x 2¼" x 1½"). Iberville 1110 Series.
- .3 102 mm (4") square or octagonal outlet boxes for lighting fixture outlets.
- .4 102 mm (4") square outlet boxes with extension and plaster rings for flush mounting devices in finished tile walls.

2.3 MASONRY BOXES

- .1 Electro-galvanized steel masonry single and multi gang boxes for devices flush mounted in exposed block walls.

2.4 CONCRETE BOXES

- .1 Electro-galvanized sheet steel concrete type boxes for flush mount in concrete with matching extension and plaster rings as required.

2.5 FLOOR BOXES

- .1 Flush floor boxes where indicated shall be complete with the following features:
 - .1 Four (4) independent wiring compartments.
 - .2 Flexible activation cover.
 - .3 Fully adjustable.

- .4 Sixteen (16) Kos 12.7 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ ") – 32 mm (1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ").
- .5 Stamped steel construction (concrete-tight).
- .2 Manufacturers:
 - .1 Wiremold Cat# RFB4-DTB-2-2T-RAKM11- flush floor box complete with two duplex receptacle brackets, 2 dual RJ brackets, and recessed activation with carpet trim plate.
Approved alternates:
 - .1 Hubbell Cat. #LCFBSS complete with LCFB XX (colour by architect), flush cover and internal faceplate to suit devices noted on the drawings.
 - .2 Wellmark Electric Inc. Cat. #400B-1-YY-XX-CRL.

2.6 CONDUIT BOXES

- .1 Cast FS or FD ferrous boxes with factory-threaded hubs and mounting feet for surface wiring of switches and receptacle **in areas (other than utility rooms) where surface conduit is used.**

2.7 OUTLET BOXES FOR NON-METALLIC SHEATHED CABLE

- .1 Electro-galvanized, sectional, screw ganging steel boxes, minimum size 76 mm 50 mm x 63 mm (3" x 2" x 2-1/2") with two double clamps to take non-metallic sheathed cables.

2.8 FITTINGS- GENERAL

- .1 Bushing and connectors with nylon insulated throats.
- .2 Knock-out fillers to prevent entry of debris.
- .3 Conduit outlet bodies for conduit up to 32 mm (1- 1/4") and pull boxes for larger conduits.
- .4 Double locknuts and insulated bushings on sheet metal boxes.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Support boxes independently of connecting conduits.
- .2 Fill boxes with paper, sponges or foam or similar approved material to prevent entry of debris during construction. Remove upon completion of work.
- .3 For flush installations mount outlets flush with finished wall using plaster rings to permit wall finish to come within 6 mm (1/4") of opening.
- .4 Provide correct size of openings in boxes for conduit, mineral insulated and armoured cable connections. Reducing washers are not allowed.
- .5 Outlets if unwired are to be provided with blank coverplates to suit related sections of this specification.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 CSA C22.2 No.65-1956(R1965) Wire Connectors.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Pressure type wire connectors: with current carrying parts of copper sized to fit copper conductors as indicated.
- .2 Fixture type splicing connectors: with current carrying parts of copper sized to fit copper conductors 10 AWG or less.
- .3 Clamps or connectors for armoured cable, and flexible conduit, as required.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Remove insulation carefully from ends of conductors and:
 - .1 Apply coat of zinc joint compound on aluminum conductors prior to installation of connectors.
 - .2 Install mechanical pressure type connectors and tighten screws with appropriate compression tool recommended by manufacturer. Installation shall meet secureness tests in accordance with CSA C22.2 No.65.
 - .3 Install fixture type connectors and tighten. Replace insulating cap.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 **General**
Not Applicable.

Part 2 **Products**

2.1 **MATERIALS**

- .1 Grounding equipment must conform to CSA C22.2 No 41 (latest edition).

2.2 **EQUIPMENT**

- .1 Insulated grounding conductors: green with insulation type that matches specified phase conductors. Gauge shall be in conformance with the latest edition of the Electrical Safety Code to suit required installation conditions.
- .2 Non-corroding accessories necessary for grounding system, type, size, material as indicated, including but not necessarily limited to:
 - .1 Grounding and bonding bushings.
 - .2 Protective type clamps.
 - .3 Bolted type conductor connectors.
 - .4 Bonding jumpers, straps.
 - .5 Pressure wire connectors.

Part 3 **Execution**

3.1 **INSTALLATION GENERAL**

- .1 Install complete permanent, continuous grounding system including, electrodes, conductors, connectors, accessories. **Where EMT is used, run ground wire in conduit.**
- .2 Install connectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 Protect exposed grounding conductors from mechanical injury.
- .4 Make buried connections, and connections to conductive water main, electrodes, using copper welding by thermit process inspectable wrought copper compression connectors to ANSI/IEEE 837.
- .5 Use mechanical connectors for grounding connections to equipment provided with lugs.
- .6 Soldered joints not permitted.
- .7 Install bonding wire for flexible conduit, connected at both ends to grounding bushing, solderless lug, clamp or cup washer and screw. Neatly cleat bonding wire to exterior of flexible conduit.

3.2 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- .1 Install grounding connections to typical equipment included in, but not necessarily limited to following list. Frames of motors, starters, and control panels.

3.3 AUXILIARY SYSTEMS SYSTEMS

- .1 Install grounding connections for replacement fire alarm system control panel as indicated in respective specification section.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Perform ground continuity and resistance tests using method appropriate to site conditions and to approval of local authority having jurisdiction over installation.
- .3 Perform tests before energizing electrical system.
- .4 Disconnect ground fault indicator during tests.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings for each system in Conformance with The Electrical General Requirements Section.

1.2 PRODUCT/MAINTENANCE DATA

- .1 Submit product/maintenance data for each system for inclusion in maintenance manual conforming to The General Electrical Requirements Section.

1.3 SCOPE

- .1 The scope of this Section will include the following systems.
 - .1 Security and access control rough-in.
 - .2 Telecommunication network system rough-in.
 - .3 Occupancy sensors.

Part 2 Products

2.1 SECURITY AND ACCESS CONTROL ROUGH-IN

- .1 Provide conduit from device and outlet locations to cable management systems as noted on drawings.
- .2 Outlets if unwired are to be provided with blank coverplates to suit related sections of this specification.
- .3 Provide grounding of equipment as noted on drawings.
- .4 Security and access control systems installation shall be by Owner's approved vendor as part of separate tender.

2.2 TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK SYSTEM ROUGH-IN

- .1 Outlets where noted shall be single gang flush mounted in wall or surface raceways.
- .2 Outlets if unwired are to be provided with blank coverplates to suit related sections of this specification.
- .3 Provide a #6 insulated green ground conductor from main service ground to voice equipment backboard located on drawings.
- .4 Security and access control systems installation shall be by Owner's approved vendor as part of separate tender.

2.3 OCCUPANCY SENSORS LINE VOLTAGE

- .1 Where noted on drawings the wall mounted (dual-technology) occupancy sensor used in small areas as noted on drawing.
 - .1 Sensor switch Cat. #WSXA-120V-X (colour by architect).
 - .2 Cooper Controls (Greengate) Cat.#ONW-P-1001-120V-X (colour by architect).
 - .3 Equal by Wattstopper.

2.4 OCCUPANCY SENSORS LOW VOLTAGE

- .1 Where noted on drawings the ceiling mounted (dual-technology) low-voltage occupancy sensor used in medium areas (stand-alone system) as noted on drawing.
 - .1 Sensor switch Cat. #CMP PDT 10 c/w power pack (colour by architect).
 - .2 Cooper Controls (Greengate) Cat. #OAC-DT-2000 c/w power pack (colour by architect).
 - .3 Equal by Wattstopper.
- .2 Provide other occupancy sensors to suit the detail on the drawings.
- .3 All sensors shall be set to 20 minutes “delay to off” unless otherwise directed.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 SECURITY AND ACCESS CONTROL ROUGH-IN

- .1 Outlets are to be provided for devices with conduit as detailed on drawings.
- .2 Conduits terminated into ceiling spaces must be within 1m of cable management of tray.

3.2 TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK SYSTEM ROUGH-IN

- .1 Conduits terminated into ceiling spaces must be within 3m (10') of zone conduits (if applicable).
- .2 Ensure specified zone conduits are installed back to service backboard.
- .3 Outlets are to be installed complete with 25 mm (1") conduit to corridor ceiling space or nearest zone conduit (if applicable).
- .4 Provide insulated bushings on all conduits terminated in ceiling space.

3.3 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

- .1 Install power packs in accessible maintenance areas.
- .2 Provide access doors if power packs are installed above drywall ceilings.
- .3 It shall be the contractor’s responsibility to locate and aim sensors in the correct location required for complete and proper coverage within the range of coverage as per the manufacturer’s recommendations. The locations and quantities of sensors shown on the drawings are diagrammatic and indicate only the rooms which are to be provided with sensors. The contractor shall provide additional sensors if required to properly and completely cover the respective rooms.

- .4 It is the contractor's responsibility to arrange a pre-installation meeting with the manufacturer's factory authorized representative, at the facility, to verify placement to sensors and installation criteria.
- .5 The contractor shall also provide the on-site training necessary to familiarize the owner's personnel with the operation, use, adjustment and problem-solving diagnosis of the occupancy sensing devices systems.
- .6 Upon completion of the installation, the system shall be completely commissioned by the manufacturer's factory authorized technician who will verify all adjustments and sensor placement to ensure a trouble-free occupancy-based lighting control. Submit commissioning report with closeout documents.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Drawings to include electrical detail of panel, branch breaker type, quantity, ampacity and enclosure dimension.

Part 2 Products

2.1 BREAKERS

- .1 Breakers: to Moulded Case Circuit Breakers Section.
- .2 Breakers with thermal and magnetic tripping in panelboards except as indicated otherwise.
- .3 Main breaker (as specified) must be separately mounted on top or bottom of panel to suit cable entry. When mounted vertically, down position should open breaker.
- .4 Lock-on devices for fire alarm, stairway, exit and night light circuits.

2.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Nameplate for each panelboard size 4 engraved description as indicated. In finished areas install label on inside of panel, and in service areas install label on exterior of panel.
- .3 Nameplate for each circuit in distribution panelboards size 2 engraved “name of load” as indicated.
- .4 Complete circuit directory with typewritten legend showing location of each circuit.
Include a copy of the directories in the maintenance manuals.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Connect loads to circuits.
- .2 Connect neutral conductors to common neutral bus.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.

Part 2 Products

2.1 SWITCHES

- .1 General purpose AC switches must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 111 (latest edition).
- .2 15 or 20 A, 120 V, single pole, three-way, four-way, keyed, or motor rated switches complete with pilot light.
- .3 Manually-operated general purpose ac switches with following features:
 - .1 Terminal holes approved for No. 10 AWG wire.
 - .2 Silver alloy contacts.
 - .3 Urea or melamine molding for parts subject to carbon tracking.
 - .4 Suitable for back and side wiring.
 - .5 Toggle style (Rocker style) (architect to select colour).
- .4 Toggle operated fully rated for tungsten filament and fluorescent lamps, and up to 80% of rated capacity of motor loads.
- .5 Switches of one manufacturer throughout project.
- .6 Acceptable materials:
 - single pole: Hubbell Cat # HBL1201 Series
 - Motor rated: Hubbell Cat. #HBL1221PL c/w pilot light (20 A):
- .7 Acceptable alternate manufacturers include:
 - .1 Pass & Seymour
 - .2 Leviton.

2.2 RECEPTACLES

- .1 Receptacles, plugs, and other similar wiring devices must conform to CSA 22.2 No 42 (latest edition).
- .2 Duplex receptacles, CSA type 5-15 R, 125 V, 15 A, U ground, with following features (20A where noted):
 - .1 Urea molded housing (Colour by architect).
 - .2 Suitable for No. 10 AWG for back and side wiring.
 - .3 Break-off links for use as split receptacles.
 - .4 Eight back wired entrances, four side wiring screws.
 - .5 Triple wipe contacts and rivetted grounding contacts.

- .3 Other receptacles with ampacity and voltage as indicated.
- .4 Receptacles of one manufacturer throughout project.
- .5 Acceptable materials:

Standard duplex receptacle	Hubbell Cat # HBL5252CN
Ground fault protected T-slot receptacles	Hubbell Cat. # GF20L A complete with Decora style coverplate to suit specification below
T-slot receptacles	Hubbell Cat. #HBL5352
Range receptacle	Hubbell Cat # HBL9450A
Decora style duplex receptacle	Hubbell Cat. #HBL2152 complete with Decora style coverplate to suit specification below
Decora T-slot receptacle	Hubbell Cat. # HBL2162 complete with Decora style coverplate to suit specification below.

- .6 Acceptable alternate manufacturers include:
 - .1 Pass & Seymour
 - .2 Leviton

2.3 COVER PLATES

- .1 Cover plates from one manufacturer throughout project.
- .2 Sheet steel utility box cover for wiring devices installed in surface-mounted utility boxes.
- .3 Stainless steel, brushed, 1 mm (1/32") thick cover plates for wiring devices mounted in flush-mounted outlet box.
- .4 Sheet metal cover plates for wiring devices mounted in surface-mounted FS or FD type conduit boxes.
- .5 Weatherproof cover plates complete with gaskets and "heavy-duty in use" covers in conformance with the Electrical Safety Authority. Provide product equal to Intermatic Cat. #WP5100C.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Switches:
 - .1 Install single throw switches with handle in "UP" position when switch closed.
 - .2 Install switches in gang type outlet box when more than one switch is required in one location.
 - .3 Mount toggle switches at height specified in Electrical General Requirements Section or as indicated.
- .2 Receptacles:
 - .1 Install receptacles in gang type outlet box when more than one receptacle is required in one location.

- .2 Mount receptacles at height specified in Electrical General Requirements Section or as indicated.
- .3 Where split receptacle has one portion switched mount vertically and switch upper portion.
- .3 Cover plates:
 - .1 Protect stainless steel cover plate finish with paper or plastic film until painting and other work is finished.
 - .2 Install suitable common cover plates where wiring devices are grouped.
 - .3 Do not use cover plates meant for flush outlet boxes on surface-mounted boxes.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA C22.2 No.248.12/94, Low Voltage Fuses Part 12: Class R (Bi-National Standard with, UL 248-12 (1st Edition).
 - .2 CSA C22.2 No. 106-M92 (latest edition).

1.2 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL

- .1 Three spare fuses of each type and size installed.

1.3 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- .1 Ship fuses in original containers.
- .2 Store fuses in original containers in moisture free location.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FUSES GENERAL

- .1 Fuses: product of one manufacturer for entire project.
- .2 Fuses specified below must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 106 (latest edition). Fuses conforming to standard C22.2 No. 106-1953 will be rejected.
- .3 Fuses must provide a fully co-ordinated system for both overload and fault conditions.

2.2 FUSE TYPES

- .1 Class L fuses (formerly HRC-L) for ratings 601-6000 A..
 - .1 Time delay, capable of carrying 500% of its rated current for 10 s minimum.
 - .2 Fast acting as noted.
- .2 Class J fuses (formerly HRCI- J).
 - .1 Time delay, capable of carrying 500% of its rated current for 10 s minimum.
 - .2 Fast acting as noted.
- .3 Class R fuses (formerly HRCI- R). For UL Class RK1 fuses, peak let-through current and I^2t values not to exceed limits of UL 198E-1982, table 10.2.

2.3 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS

- .1 Motor Protection:
 - 1-600 A: Mersen Type AJT
 - 601-2000 A: Mersen Type A4BT

- .2 Other acceptable manufacturers:
 - .1 GEC
 - .2 Little Fuse

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install fuses in mounting devices immediately before energizing circuit.
- .2 Ensure correct fuses fitted to physically matched mounting devices.
 - .1 Install Class R rejection clips for HRCI-R fuses.
- .3 Ensure correct fuses fitted to assigned electrical circuit.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.

Part 2 Products

2.1 DISCONNECT SWITCHES

- .1 Enclosed manual air break switches must conform to CSA C22.1 No.4 (latest edition).
- .2 Fuseholder assemblies must conform to CSA C22.2 No.39 (latest edition).
- .3 Fusible, and/or non-fusible, horsepower rated disconnect switches, size as indicated.
- .4 Provision for padlocking in off switch position by three locks.
- .5 Mechanically interlocked door to prevent opening when handle in ON position.
- .6 Fuses: size as indicated, to Fuses - Low Voltage Section.
- .7 Fuseholders: relocatable and suitable without adaptors, for type and size of fuse indicated.
- .8 Quick-make, quick-break action.
- .9 ON-OFF switch position indication on switch enclosure cover.

2.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Indicate name of load controlled on size 4 nameplate.

2.3 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>General Purpose</u>	<u>Weather Proof</u>
Eaton	IHD Series	3HD Series
Schneider Electric	Type A Series	Type R Series
Siemens	ID Series	NFR/FR Series

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install disconnect switches complete with fuses if applicable.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Indicate:
 - .1 Mounting method and dimensions.
 - .2 Starter/contactor size and type.
 - .3 Layout of identified internal and front panel components.
 - .4 Enclosure types.
 - .5 Wiring diagram for each type of starter.
 - .6 Interconnection diagrams.

1.2 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- .1 Provide operation and maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Include operation and maintenance data for each type and style of starter/contactor.

1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- .1 Provide maintenance materials in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Provide listed spare parts for each different size and type of starter:
 - .1 1 operating coil.
 - .2 3 fuses.
 - .3 10% indicating lamp bulbs used.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Starters: must conform to CSAC22.2 No. 14 (latest edition) and EEMAC E14-1.
- .2 Control transformers must conform to CSAC22.2 No. 66 (latest edition).
- .3 Auto-transformers must conform to CSAC22.2 No 47 (latest edition).
- .4 Contactors must conform to CSA C22.2 No. 14 (latest edition).
- .5 Half size starters will not be accepted. NEMA and IEC rated starters are acceptable.

2.2 MANUAL MOTOR STARTERS

- .1 Single and Three phase manual motor starters of size, type, rating, and enclosure type as indicated, with components as follows:
 - .1 Switching mechanism, quick make and break.
 - .2 One or Three overload heaters, manual reset, trip indicating handle.

- .3 Toggle switch: standard duty labeled "on"/"off".
- .4 Indicating light: standard duty type and red colour.
- .5 Locking tab to permit padlocking in "ON" or "OFF" position.

2.3 FULL VOLTAGE MAGNETIC STARTERS

- .1 Magnetic and combination magnetic starters of size, type, rating and enclosure type as indicated with components as follows:
 - .1 Contactor solenoid operated, rapid action type.
 - .2 Motor overload protective device in each phase, manually reset from outside enclosure.
 - .3 Wiring and schematic diagram inside starter enclosure in visible location.
 - .4 Identify each wire and terminal for external connections, within starter, with permanent number marking identical to diagram.
- .2 Combination type starters to include fused disconnect switch with operating lever on outside of enclosure to control disconnect, and provision for:
 - .1 Locking in "OFF" position with up to 3 padlocks.
 - .2 Independent locking of enclosure door.
 - .3 Provision for preventing switching to "ON" position while enclosure door open.
- .3 Accessories:
 - .1 Pushbuttons Selector switches standard duty labeled as indicated.
 - .2 Indicating lights: standard duty type and color as indicated.
 - .3 1-N/O and 1-N/C spare auxiliary contacts unless otherwise indicated.
 - .4 1 red pilot light for "stop" or "off" and 1 green light for "start" or "on".

2.4 CONTROL TRANSFORMER

- .1 Single phase, dry type, control transformer with primary voltage as indicated and secondary voltage to suit remote control device, complete with secondary fuse, installed in with starter as indicated.
- .2 Size control transformer for control circuit load plus 20% spare capacity.

2.5 CONTACTORS

- .1 Electrically held and controlled by pilot devices as indicated and rated for type of load controlled.
- .2 Complete with 2 normally open and 2 normally closed auxiliary contacts unless indicated otherwise.
- .3 Mount in CSA Enclosure 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- .4 Include following options in cover:
 - .1 Red indicating lamp.
 - .2 Hand - Off - Auto selector switch.

- .5 Control transformer: mounted in contactor enclosure.
- .6 Contactors must be definite purpose.

2.6 FINISHES

- .1 Apply finishes to enclosure in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.

2.7 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Manual starter designation label: black plate, white letters, size 1, engraved as indicated.
- .3 Magnetic starter designation label: black plate, white letters, size 2, engraved as indicated.
- .4 Contactor designation label:
black plate, white letters, size 4, indicating name of load controlled.

2.8 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- .1 The acceptable manufacturers are as follows:
 - .1 Allen Bradley
 - .2 Eaton
 - .3 Siemens
 - .4 Group Schneider
 - .5 Klockner Moeller

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install starters, connect power and control as indicated.
- .2 Ensure correct fuses and overload devices elements installed.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Operate switches, contactors to verify correct functioning.
- .3 Perform starting and stopping sequences of contactors and relays.
- .4 Check that sequence controls, interlocking with other separate related starters, equipment, control devices, operate as indicated.
- .5 Install contactors and connect auxiliary control devices.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (ANSI/IEEE)
 - .1 ANSI/IEEE C62.41- 1991, Recommended Practices for Surge Voltages in Low-Voltage AC Power Circuits.
- .2 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM F1137- 88 (1993), Specification for Phosphate/Oil and Phosphate/Organic Corrosion Protective Coatings for Fasteners.
- .3 United States of America, Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
 - .1 FCC (CFR47) EM and RF Interference Suppression.
- .4 IESNA LM-79-08, IES Electrical Method for the Electrical and Photometric Measurements of Solid State Lighting Products.

1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section for all light fixtures supplied under this contract.
- .2 Submit complete photometric data prepared by independent testing laboratory for luminaires where specified, for review by Consultant.
- .3 Photometric data to include: VCP Table spacing criterion.

1.3 SCOPE

- .1 This contractor is responsible to supply and install all lighting fixtures as scheduled and/or indicated including lamp and those accessories required for a complete lighting system. This contractor must coordinate lighting installations with all other Divisions of this project.
- .2 All fixtures must be CSA approved or approved at this contractor's expense by the Special Inspection Division of the Electrical Safety Authority.

1.4 GUARANTEE

- .1 Guarantees for materials replacement shall be as follows from date of substantial completion.
 - .1 LED lamps: 3 months
 - .2 LED fixtures, and driver: 5 years.
- .2 The labour required to replace these ballasts, lamps or drivers must be included in the above guarantee, however only for the extent of the contract guarantee and warranty period as noted in Electrical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FIXTURE CONSTRUCTION

- .1 Fixtures must be constructed of 20 gauge (minimum) cold rolled steel. All metal edges require smooth finish.
- .2 Light leaks must be prevented by providing gasketting, stops, and barriers.
- .3 Fixtures must be finished in high reflective baked white enamel. This surface must have a reflectance of not less than 85%.

2.2 FIXTURE LENS

- .1 Unless otherwise noted fixture lenses shall be as follows:
 - .1 Lens thickness: 3.2 mm (1/8")
 - .2 Material: injection moulded clear prismatic virgin acrylic
 - .3 Frame: hinged, latched, steel.

2.3 LED FIXTURES

- .1 Fixture LED's must be tested in conformance with IESNA LM80 standard.
- .2 LED's must be selected using a binning algorithm to ensure colour and lumen output of a given fixture are consistent, as well as meet or surpass ANSI C78.377 specification for the rated lifetime of the fixture. Colour accuracy between products must be within a 2-step MacAdam ellipse.
- .3 Luminaires must be tested to IESNA LM79 by an independent approved laboratory.
- .4 Luminaires must be tested prior to shipping.
- .5 Luminaires must be ULC certified and approved for use in Canada.
- .6 Fixtures must maintain a minimum of 90% of their initial light output for 60,000 hours. Submit test results upon request.
- .7 Lumen values indicated for fixtures in the project documents are to be considered as "absolute" or "delivered" values.
- .8 Other than for specialty fixtures, and unless otherwise indicated, the maximum driver current is to be 750 mA.

2.4 STANDARD EXIT LIGHTING UNITS

- .1 Exit lighting units must conform to CSA C860, CSA 22.2 No. 141 (latest edition).
- .2 Housing: extruded aluminum housing, white finish.
- .3 Face and back plates: extruded aluminum.
- .4 Lamps: 2W LED.
- .5 Operation: 25 year.
- .6 Units are to be provided with three (3) pictogram legends indicating "left from here", "straight from here", and "right from here".

2.5 SELF-POWERED COMBINATION EXIT/EMERGENCY LIGHTING UNITS

- .1 Exit lighting units must conform to CSA C860, CSA 22.2 No. 141 (latest edition).
- .2 Housing: extruded aluminum housing. White Finish.
- .3 Face and back plates: extruded aluminum.
- .4 Lamps 2W LED (Green Pictogram).
- .5 Operation: 25 year life.
- .6 Units are to be provided with three (3) pictogram legends indicating “left from here”, “straight from here”, and “right from here”.
- .7 Face plate to remain captive for relamping.
- .8 Supply voltage: as noted on drawings.
- .9 Output voltage: 12 V DC.
- .10 Battery: sealed maintenance free 10 year life.

Note: Battery must be capable of supplying the wattage indicated for a minimum of 30 minutes.

- .11 Charger: solid state, voltage/current regulated, inverse temperature compensated, short circuit protected, with regulated output of plus or minus 0.01 V for plus or minus 10% V input variation.
- .12 Solid state transfer circuit.
- .13 Signal lights: “AC Power On” condition and “charging” condition.
- .14 Lamp heads: integral on unit, 345° horizontal and 180° vertical adjustment. Lamp type: minimum 4 watt LED.
- .15 Mounting: suitable for universal mounting directly on junction box and complete with knockouts for conduit. Removable or hinged front panel for easy access to batteries.
- .16 Cabinet: finish: white.
- .17 Auxiliary equipment:
 - .1 Test switch.

2.6 EMERGENCY LIGHTING UNITS

- .1 Emergency lighting units must conform to CSA C22.2 No 141 (latest edition).
- .2 Supply voltage: as noted on drawings.
- .3 Output voltage: 12 V DC.
- .4 Battery: sealed, maintenance free, 10 year life.

Note: Battery units must be capable of supplying the wattage indicated for a minimum of 30 minutes.
- .5 Charger: solid state, multi rate, voltage/current regulated, inverse temperature compensated, short circuit protected with regulated output of plus or minus 0.01 V for plus or minus 10% input variations.

- .6 Solid state transfer circuit.
- .7 Low voltage disconnect: solid state, modular, operates at 80% battery output voltage.
- .8 Signal lights: “AC Power ON” condition and “charging” condition.
- .9 Lamp heads: integral on unit, 345° horizontal and 180° vertical adjustment. Lamp type: minimum 4 watt LED.
- .10 Cabinet suitable for direct of shelf mounting to wall and complete with knockouts for conduit. Removable or hinged front panel for easy access to batteries.
- .11 Auxiliary equipment:
 - .1 Test switch.
 - .2 Ac input and DC output terminal blocks inside cabinet.
 - .3 Shelf.
 - .4 Cord and plug connection for AC. (**Not applicable on 347 V units**).

2.7 REMOTE EMERGENCY LIGHTING FIXTURES

- .1 Remote emergency lighting fixtures must conform to CSA C22.2 No141 (latest edition).
- .2 Fixtures shall be small “micro” size or recessed style as indicated in the Light Fixture Schedule.
- .3 Fixtures must be adjustable type heads with canopy.
- .4 Fixtures are to be provided with protective lexan cube when specified in the Light Fixture Schedule.
- .5 Unless otherwise indicated surface mounted fixtures in washrooms, locker rooms, changerooms, and gymnasiums must be provided with wire guard.

2.8 ACCEPTABLE LIGHTING MANUFACTURERS

- .1 Refer to the light fixture schedule as indicated on drawings.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Locate and install luminaires as indicated. Luminaires are not to be supported from the roof deck. Provide additional unistrut support channel and/or support from structure. Co-ordinate with consultant on site.
- .2 Ball align hangers must be provided for rod suspended fixtures.
- .3 Fixtures surface mounted to suspended ceilings must be secured through ceiling assembly to cross member supports. These supports are to be steel channels or angles independently secured **to structure** using # 12 “jack” chain. Each chain must be secured so no fixture weight is added to the ceiling assembly.
- .4 Plaster frames/flange kits must be provided by this Division for fixtures recessed in plaster and/or drywall ceilings.

- .5 Where specified, fixtures to be chain hung shall be hung using “jack” chain with a capacity to suit the fixture weight. Branch circuit wiring feeding these fixtures shall be AC90 cable “ty-wrapped” at 900mm (36”) intervals along length of drop. Final appearance must be neat and professional.
- .6 Install exit lighting units with illuminated faces and chevrons/arrows indicating path(s) of exit as indicated. Unless otherwise noted install exit fixtures at 2400 mm (8' 0”) above finished floor.
- .7 Install emergency lighting units and associated remote mounted fixtures as indicated.
- .8 Direct “heads” on units and remote mounted fixtures to illuminate path(s) of exit.
- .9 Install emergency lighting units and remote fixtures at 300mm (12”) below finished ceiling, unless indicated otherwise.
- .10 Provide a 15 A 120 V duplex receptacle (connected to circuit indicated) adjacent to unit.
- .11 **Special installation: Secure fixtures to structure to conform to the Electrical Safety Code using “jack chain” NOT ceiling suspension wire. Where coreslab is used, suspension point must be independent of the one used for suspension of the ceiling assembly. As an alternate to jack chain the contractor may use a pre-manufactured aircraft cable suspension and fastening system as manufactured by Gripple (Gripple Cat. #HF02-10F2). Provide minimum 2 per fixture.**
- .12 All battery units are to be provided with a visible lamicaid label indicating the unit number as per drawings.

3.2 WIRING

- .1 Connect luminaires to lighting circuits as indicated.
- .2 Connect exit fixtures to exit lighting circuits and unit equipment (if applicable).
- .3 Connect unit equipment to circuits as indicated.
- .4 All wiring of remote emergency fixtures shall be minimum #10 T90 for each circuit and run in conduit. Wiring must be sized in conformance with manufacturer’s recommendations for distances required.

3.3 LUMINAIRE ALIGNMENT

- .1 Align luminaires mounted in continuous rows to form straight uninterrupted line.
- .2 Align luminaires mounted individually parallel or perpendicular to building grid lines.

3.4 DELIVERIES

- .1 Fixtures are to be completely assembled at the manufacturer’s plant and delivered to the project site in original unitized containers. Ensure that a dry, protected and secure space is available for proper storage before scheduling delivery of fixtures.

3.5 TESTING/CERTIFICATION

.1 At the completion of the project and in the presence of the consultant, test all exit and emergency fixtures. On company letterhead, the contractor is to prepare a chart indicating:

- .1 Project
- .2 Date
- .3 Equipment type
- .4 Certification of correct connection
- .5 Certification of correct operation
- .6 Duration of test in minutes (minimum 30)
- .7 Actual period of testing (time of day)

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (ANSI/IEEE).
- .2 Underwriter Laboratories of Canada (ULC).
- .3 International Electrotechnical Commission.
- .4 International Organization for Standardization (ISO).
- .5 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA).

1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 26 01 16.
- .2 Submit composite wiring diagrams and control schedule for each room control circuit type as proposed to be installed. Include load type, sequence of operation, sensor parameters, time delays, sensitivities and daylighting set points.
- .3 Catalog cut sheets with performance specifications demonstrating compliance with specified requirements.

1.3 SCOPE

- .1 This contractor is responsible to supply and install all equipment and control wiring as specified for the digital occupancy and daylight control systems. This contractor must coordinate these control systems with the lighting fixtures being supplied for the project to ensure intended function as specified.
- .2 Control Intent: Control Intent includes, but is not limited to:
 - .1 Defaults and initial calibration settings for such items as time delay, sensitivity, fade rates, etc.
 - .2 Initial sensor and switching zones.
- .3 All equipment must be CSA approved or approved at this contractor's expense by the Special Inspection Division of the Electrical Safety Authority.
- .4 Reference section 26 51 13 for Lighting Equipment
- .5 Reference section 26 05 75 for Auxiliary Systems.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

- .1 System based upon the following concepts:
 - .1 Networkable intelligent lighting control devices.
 - .2 Standalone lighting control zones using distributed intelligence.
 - .3 Optional system backbone for remote, time-based, and global operation.

- .4 Intelligent lighting control devices with individually addressable network communication capability and having one or more basic lighting control components including: occupancy sensor, photosensor, relay, dimming output, contact closure input, analog 0-10 V(dc) input, and manual wall station capable of indicating switching, dimming, and/or scene control. Combining one or more of these components into a single device enclosure permissible to minimize overall system device count.
 - .5 System capable of interfacing directly with networked luminaires such that either low-voltage network cabling or wireless RF communication is used to interconnect networked luminaires with control components such as sensors, switches, and system backbone.
 - .6 Networked luminaires and intelligent lighting control devices support individual (unique) configuration of device settings and properties, with such configuration residing within the networked luminaires and intelligent control devices.
 - .7 Lighting control zones consisting of one or more networked luminaires and intelligent lighting control devices capable of providing automatic control from sensors (occupancy and/or photosensor) and manual control from local wall stations without requiring connection to a higher-level system backbone.
 - .8 Lighting control zones (wired and wireless) support at least 128 devices per zone.
 - .9 Capable of being networked with a higher-level system backbone to provide time-based control, control from inputs or systems external to control zone, and remote configuration and monitoring through a software interface.
 - .10 Networked luminaires and intelligent lighting control devices with distributed intelligence programming stored in non-volatile memory, such that following any loss of power the lighting control zones operate according to their defined default settings and sequence of operations.
 - .11 System to include one or more system controllers that provide time-based control.
 - .12 System controller provides means of connecting the lighting control system to a system software interface and building management systems via BACnet/IP or BACnet MS/TP protocol.
 - .13 System controller supports both low-voltage wired and wireless RF communication within a single controller device.
 - .14 System devices support firmware update, either remotely or from within the application space, for purposes of upgrading functionality at a later date.
 - .15 System capable of reporting lighting system events and performance data to management software for display and analysis.
- .2 Wired Networked Control Zone Characteristics:
- .1 Connections to devices within a wired networked lighting control zone and to backbone components accomplished with a single type of low-voltage network cable, compliant with CAT5e specifications or higher. Use of mixed types of low-voltage network cables is unacceptable.

- .2 Devices connected in "daisy-chain" topology. "Hub-and-spoke" topology, requiring all individual networked devices to be connected to a central component, is unacceptable, to reduce the total amount of network cable required for each control zone.
 - .3 Pre-terminated, plenum-rated, low-voltage network cabling supplied with hardware.
 - .4 Following proper installation and provision of power, all networked devices connected with low-voltage network cable must automatically form a functional lighting control zone without requiring any type of programming, regardless of the programming mechanism (e.g. software application, handheld remote, pushbutton).
 - .5 The "out of box" default sequence of operation is intended to provide typical sequence of operation to minimize the system startup and programming requirements and to also have functional lighting control operation prior to system startup and programming.
 - .6 System software capable of automatic discovery of all connected devices without requiring any provisioning of system or zone addresses.
 - .7 Networked devices capable of detecting improper communication wiring and LED notification to alert installation/startup personnel.
 - .8 Networked control devices suitable for control of egress or emergency light sources without additional, externally mounted UL 924 shunting or 0-10 V(dc) disconnect devices, to provide a compliant sequence of operation while reducing the overall installation and wiring costs of the system. Capable of supporting the following sequence of operation:
 - .9 Low-Voltage Power Sensing: Devices automatically provide 100 percent light level upon detection of loss of power sensed via low-voltage network cable connection where applicable.
 - .10 Line-Voltage Power Sensing: Devices listed as UL 924 emergency relays which automatically close load-control relay and provide 100 percent light output upon detection of loss of power sensed via line voltage connection to normal power.
- .3 Supported Sequence of Operations:
- .1 Control Zones:
 - .1 Local Control Zones: Networked luminaires and intelligent lighting control devices installed in an area (also referred to as a group of devices) capable of transmitting and tracking occupancy sensor, photosensor, and manual switch information within at least 48 unique control zones to support different and reconfigurable sequences of operation within area. These will also be referred to as local control zones.
 - .2 Adjacent Control Zones: Networked luminaires and intelligent lighting control devices capable of tracking occupancy broadcasts from adjacent zones. When this feature is enabled, luminaire output for a vacant zone will reduce to a configurable dimmed state if one or more adjacent zones are occupied. Luminaires will turn off when both primary and adjacent zones are vacant.

- .2 Wall Station Capabilities:
 - .1 Wall stations support the following capabilities:
 - .1 On/Off of a local control zone.
 - .2 Continuous dimming control of light level of a local control zone.
 - .2 Multi-Way Control: Multiple wall stations capable of controlling the same local control zones, to support "multi-way" switching and dimming control.
- .3 Occupancy Sensing Capabilities:
 - .1 Occupancy sensors configurable to control a local zone.
 - .2 Multiple occupancy sensors capable of controlling the same local zones. This capability combines occupancy sensing coverage from multiple sensors without consuming multiple control zones.
 - .3 Occupancy sensing sequence of operation modes:
 - .1 On/Off Occupancy Sensing.
 - .2 Partial-On Occupancy Sensing.
 - .3 Partial-Off Occupancy Sensing.
 - .4 Vacancy Sensing (Manual-On / Automatic-Off).
 - .4 On/Off, Partial-On, and Partial-Off Occupancy Sensing Modes Sequence of Operation:
 - .1 Occupancy automatically turn lights on to a designated level when occupancy is detected. Designated occupied light level support at least 100 dimming levels.
 - .2 Occupancy sensors automatically turn lights off or to a dimmed state (Partial-Off) when vacancy occurs or if sufficient daylight is detected. Designated unoccupied dim level support at least 100 dimming levels.
 - .3 System capable of combining Partial-Off and Full-Off operation by dimming lights to a designated level when vacant and turning the lights off completely after an additional time delay.
 - .4 Photosensor readings, if enabled in occupancy sensing control zone, automatically adjust light levels during occupied or unoccupied conditions as necessary.
 - .5 Wall station activation changes the dimming level or turn lights off as selected by the occupant. Lights optionally remain in this manually specified light level until the zone becomes vacant. Upon vacancy, normal sequence of operation resumes.
 - .5 Vacancy Sensing or Manual-On/Automatic-Off Mode Sequence of Operation:
 - .1 Activation of a wall station is required turn lights on. System capable of programming the zone to turn on to either a designated light level or previous user-set light level. Initially occupying the space without using a wall station must not result in lights turning on.

- .2 Occupancy sensors automatically turn lights off or to a dimmed state (Partial-Off) when vacancy occurs or if sufficient daylight is detected. Designated unoccupied dim level support at least 100 dimming levels.
 - .3 System capable of dimming the lights when vacant and then turning the lights off completely after an additional time delay.
 - .4 System capable of an "automatic grace period" immediately following detection of vacancy, during which time any detected occupancy results in the lights reverting to the previous level. After the grace period has expired, the use of a wall station is required to turn lights on.
 - .5 Photosensor readings, if enabled in the Occupancy Sensing control zone, capable of automatically adjusting the light level during occupied or unoccupied conditions as necessary.
 - .6 Wall station interaction changes the dimming level or turn lights off as selected by occupant. Lights remain at manually specified light level until zone becomes vacant; normal sequence of operation resumes upon vacancy.
- .6 Occupancy time delays before dimming or shutting off lights separately programmable for all control zones from 15 seconds to 2 hours.
- .4 Photosensor Sensing Capabilities (Automatic Daylight Sensing):
- .1 Photosensor devices configurable to control a local zone.
 - .2 Photosensor-Based Control:
 - .1 Continuous Dimming: Control zone automatically adjusts dimming output in response to photosensor readings, to maintain a minimum light level consisting of both electric light and daylight sources. Photosensor response configurable to adjust set point and dimming rates.
- .5 Schedule Capabilities:
- .1 System capable of time schedules for time-of-day to override devices including offsets from dusk and dawn.
 - .2 System capable of providing a visible "blink warning" five minutes prior to the end of the schedule.
 - .3 Wall stations may be programmed to provide timed extensions/overrides that turn the lights on for an additional time period.
 - .1 Timed override/extension duration programmable for each individual device, zone of devices, or customized group of devices, from five minutes to 12 hours.
- .6 Wired Networked Wall Station Scene-Control Capabilities:
- .1 Preset Scenes that activate a specific combination of light levels across multiple local and global channels.
 - .2 Local Profile Support: Profile Scenes that modify the sequence of operation for devices in the area (group) in response to a button press to dynamically optimize occupant experience and lighting energy usage.

- .3 Wall stations able to manually start and stop local profiles, or local profile capable of ending after a specific duration of time between five minutes and 12 hours.
- .4 Configurable Parameters:
 - .1 Fixture light level.
 - .2 Occupancy time delay.
 - .3 Response to occupancy sensors (including enabling/disabling response).
 - .4 Response to daylight sensors (including enabling/disabling response).
 - .5 Enabling/disabling wall stations.
 - .6 Three-Way or Multi-Way Control: Multiple wall stations capable of controlling the same local and global control zones, to support "multi-way" preset scene and profile scene control.

1.5 WARRANTY

- .1 Provide a five-year complete manufacturer's warranty on all products to be free of manufacturers' defects.
- .2 The labour required to replace these products must be included in the above warranty, however only for the extent of the contract guarantee and warranty period as noted in Electrical General Requirements.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Manufacturer: Minimum 10-years experience in manufacture of lighting controls.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- .1 System Controller: Multi-tasking, real-time digital control processor consisting of modular hardware with plug-in enclosed processors, communication controllers, and power supplies.
 - .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; nECY or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper, Inc.
 - .2 System Controller Processor: 32-bit microprocessor operating at a minimum of 1 GHz.
 - .3 System Controller Memory: Minimum of 512MB memory, with a minimum of 4GB non-volatile flash, to support operating system and databases.
 - .4 System Controller Functions:
 - .1 Time-based control of downstream wired and wireless network devices.
 - .2 Linking into an Ethernet network.

- .3 Integration with Building Management Systems (BMS) and Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) equipment.
 - .4 Connection to various software interfaces, including management interface, historical database and analytics interface, and visualization interface.
- .2 Substitutions:
- .1 All proposed substitutions (clearly delineated as such) must be submitted in writing for approval by the design professional a minimum of 7 working days prior to the bid date and must be made available to all bidders.
 - .2 By using pre-approved substitutions, the contractor accepts responsibility and associated costs for all required modifications to circuitry, devices, and wiring.

2.2 WIRED NETWORKED DEVICES

- .1 Wired Networked Wall Switches, Dimmers, Scene Controllers:
- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; (nPODMA-2L-XX) and (nPODMA- DX-XX) colour by architect., or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper
 - .2 Mounting: Suitable for installation in single-gang switch box.
 - .3 Communication and low-voltage power delivered via standard low-voltage network cabling with RJ-45 connectors.
 - .4 All switches detect valid communication and blink a unique LED pattern to visually indicate a potential wiring issue.
 - .5 Devices with mechanical push buttons provide tactile and LED user feedback.
 - .6 Devices with mechanical push buttons manufactured with custom button labeling.
 - .7 Wall switch and dimmer options:
 - .1 Number of control zones: [1] [2] [3] [4] as indicated on drawings.
 - .2 Control Types Supported:
 - .1 On/Off.
 - .2 On/Off/Dimming.
 - .3 On/Off/Dimming/Correlated Color Temperature Control for specific luminaire types.
 - .4 Color: White or as noted on drawings.
 - .3 Scene Controller Options:
 - .1 Number of Scenes: [1] [2] as indicated on drawings.
 - .2 Control Types Supported:
 - .1 On/Off.
 - .2 On/Off/Dimming.
 - .3 Preset Level Scene Type. As indicated on drawings.

- .4 On/Off/Dimming/Preset Level for Correlated Color Temperature.
- .5 Reprogramming of other devices within daisy-chained zone to implement user-selected lighting scene including manual start/stop from the scene controller, or optionally programmed automatic stop after a user-selectable duration between five minutes and 12 hours.
- .6 Selecting a lighting profile to be run by device's upstream controller to implement a selected lighting profile across multiple zones including manual start/stop from the scene controller, or optionally programmed automatic stop after a user selectable duration between five minutes and 12 hours.
- .7 Color: specify by architect or as noted on drawings.

2.3 WIRED NETWORKED AUXILIARY INPUT/OUTPUT (I/O) DEVICES

- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; nIO series or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper
- .2 Plenum rated.
- .3 Mounting: [in-line wired] [screw mountable] [extended chase nipple for mounting to a **1/2" (16 mm)** knockout].
 - .1 Communication and low-voltage power delivered to each device via standard low-voltage network cabling with RJ-45 connectors.
- .4 Auxiliary Input/Output Devices Options:
 - .1 Contact closure or pull-high input.
 - .2 Input programmable to support maintained or momentary inputs that can activate local or global scenes and profiles, activate lights at a preconfigured level, ramp light level up or down, or toggle lights on/off.
 - .3 0-10V analog input.
 - .4 Input supports zero to 10 V dimming output control from a dimmer switch.
 - .5 Input programmable to function as a daylight sensor.
 - .6 RS-232/RS-485 digital input.
 - .7 Input supports activation of up to four local or global scenes and profiles, and on/off/dimming control of up to 16 local control zones.
 - .8 Provides relay and dimming level status to external device (e.g. Touchscreen) when polled.

- .9 0-10V dimming control output, capable of sinking up to 20mA.
- .10 Output programmable to support all standard sequence of operations supported by system.
- .11 Digital control output via eldoLED LEDcode communication.
- .12 Output programmable to support light intensity control, as well as optional correlated color temperature (CCT) control, of the connected luminaire.

2.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Operating Voltages:
 - .1 PoE Class 2 Device.
 - .2 24 V(dc) (not used if using PoE), 7 W maximum power consumption.
- .2 Operating Temperature: Minus 32 to plus 113°F (0 to 45°C).
- .3 Retain one of first two subparagraphs below based on Project requirements.
- .4 DIN-Rail Mounted on DIN 43880 (35/7.5) rail.
- .5 NEMA Type 1 enclosure.
 - .1 Enclosure Size: 10" (260 mm) wide by 13" (330 mm) high by 4.5"(114 mm) deep.

2.5 FEATURES

- .1 Lighting control ports supports:
 - .1 Communication through lighting control (RJ-45) ports that supply 40 mA of power to each device via standard Category 5e low-voltage network cabling.
 - .2 Detection of valid communication and blinking of a unique LED pattern to visually indicate a potential wiring issue.
- .2 Dry contact closure input to connect with external control systems to control a lighting control zone or scene.
- .3 Ethernet Ports:
 - .1 Support IEEE 802.3af Power-over-Ethernet in absence of 24V(dc).
 - .2 Support auto-negotiated 10/100MB connections speeds.
 - .3 Support IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol.
- .4 Test Functions:
 - .1 Operate without need of a configuration PC to check local wiring.
 - .2 Test connectivity with DMX lights and networked luminaire or all normal power lighting load types.
- .5 Complies with the following:
 - .1 RoHS 2011/65/EU + A1 2015/863.
 - .2 FCC.

2.6 WIRED NETWORKED OCCUPANCY AND PHOTOSENSORS

- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; (nCM-PTD-10), (nMV-PDT-16) as indicated on drawing or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper, Inc.
- .2 Detect the presence of human activity within space and fully control the on/off function of lights.
- .3 Utilize passive infrared (PIR) technology, which detects occupant motion, to initially turn lights on from an off state, thus preventing false on conditions. PIR based sensing technologies are acceptable. Refer to drawing for sensor type.
- .4 Dual technology sensors used in locations where a second method of sensing is necessary to adequately detect maintained occupancy (such as in rooms with obstructions).
- .5 Acceptable dual technology includes PIR/Microphonics (also known as Passive Dual Technology or PDT) and PIR/Ultrasonic are acceptable. Refer to drawing for sensor type.
- .6 All sensing technologies are acoustically passive, meaning they do not transmit sound waves of any frequency (for example in the Ultrasonic range), as these technologies have the potential for interference with other electronic devices within the space (such as electronic white board readers and hearing devices). Acceptable detection technologies include Passive Infrared (PIR), and/or Microphonic technology and /or ultrasonic.
- .7 Ceiling, fixture, recessed, and corner mounted sensors available, with multiple lens options available customized for specific applications.
- .8 Communication and low-voltage power delivered to each device via standard low-voltage network cabling with RJ-45 connectors.
- .9 All sensors detect valid communication and blink a unique LED pattern to visually indicate a potential wiring issue.
- .10 Sensor programming parameter available and configurable remotely from the software and locally via the device push button.
- .11 Ceiling mount occupancy sensors include one integrated dry contact switching relay, capable of switching 1 A at 24 V, resistive only.
- .12 Sensors available with one or two occupancy "poles," each of which provides a programmable time delay.
- .13 Photosensor/daylight override, automatic dimming control, and low temperature/high humidity operation. If applicable.
- .14 Photosensor provides one on/off set-point and include a dead band to prevent the artificial light from cycling. Delay incorporated into the photosensor to prevent rapid response to passing clouds. If applicable.

- .15 Photosensor and dimming sensor's set-point and dead band automatically calibrated through the sensor's microprocessor by initiating an "Automatic Set-Point Programming" procedure. Min and max dim settings as well as set-point may be manually entered or modified. If applicable.
- .16 Dead band setting verified and modified by the sensor automatically every time the lights cycle to accommodate physical changes in the space (i.e., furniture layouts, lamp depreciation, or lamp outages).
- .17 Dual zone option available for On/Off Photosensor, Automatic Dimming Control Photosensor, or Combination units. The secondary daylight zone capable of being controlled as an "offset" from the primary zone.

2.7 WIRED NETWORKED WALL SWITCH SENSORS

- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; nWSXA LV or (as indicated on drawing) or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper, Inc.
- .2 Mounting: Suitable for installation in single-gang switch box.
- .3 Communication and low-voltage power delivered via standard low-voltage network cabling with RJ-45 connectors.
- .4 All switches detect valid communication and blink a unique LED pattern to visually indicate a potential wiring issue.
- .5 Devices with mechanical push buttons provide tactile and LED user feedback.
- .6 Wall Switch Sensor Options:
 - .1 User Input Control Types: [On/Off] [On/Off/Dimming] or as indicated on drawing.
 - .2 Occupancy Sensing Technology: [PIR only] [Dual technology acoustic] or as indicated on drawing.
 - .3 Daylight Sensing Option: Inhibit Photosensor.
 - .4 Color: White or as indicated on drawing.

2.8 WIRED NETWORKED EMBEDDED FIXTURE SENSORS

- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; nES or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper
- .2 Network system sensors with occupancy sensors and/or dimming photosensors that can be embedded into luminaire such that only the lens shows on luminaire face.
- .3 Occupancy sensor detection pattern suitable for 7.5 to 20-ft. (2.2 to 6-m) mounting heights.

- .4 Embedded Sensor Options:
 - .1 Occupancy Sensing technology: Dual technology.
 - .2 Sensing Option: [Occupancy only] [Daylight only] [Combination Occupancy/Daylight sensor].

2.9 WIRED NETWORKED POWER PACKS

- .1 Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide nLight; Acuity Brands Lighting, Inc.; nPP16 series or comparable product by one of the following:
 - .1 Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - .2 Wattstopper, Inc
- .2 Plenum rated.
- .3 Communication will be delivered to each device via standard low-voltage network cabling with RJ-45 connectors.
- .4 Supply Voltage: [120 to 277] [347] V(ac).
- .5 Relay Output: Class 1 relay rated for 16 A at [277] [347] V(ac) and 1/2 HP at 120 V(ac).
- .6 Dimming Output: 0-10 VDC Dimming output.
- .7 Sink Current: 100 mA at 0-10 V(dc).
- .8 Mounting: Integral 1/2-inch (16-mm) chase nipple. Plastic clips into junction box are unacceptable.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install the work of this Section in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- .2 When using wire for connections other than the DLM local network (LMRJ Cat 5e with RJ-45 connectors), provide detailed point to point wiring diagrams for every termination. Provide wire specifications and wire colors to simplify contactor termination requirements.
- .3 Calibrate all sensor time delays and sensitivity to guarantee proper detection of occupants and energy savings.
 - .1 Adjust time delay so that controlled area remains lighted for 5 minutes after occupant leaves area.
- .4 Install power packs in accessible maintenance areas unless noted otherwise. Provide access doors if power packs are installed above drywall ceilings.

- .5 It shall be the contractor's responsibility to locate and aim sensors in the correct location required for complete and proper coverage within the range of coverage as per the manufacturer's recommendations. The locations and quantities of sensors shown on the drawings are diagrammatic and indicate only the rooms which are to be provided with sensors. The contractor shall provide additional sensors if required to cover the respective rooms properly and completely.
- .6 Provide written or computer-generated documentation on the commissioning of the system including room by room description including:
 - .1 Sensor parameters, time delays, sensitivities, and daylighting setpoints.
 - .2 Sequence of operation, (e.g. manual ON, Auto OFF. etc.)
 - .3 Load Parameters (e.g. blink warning, etc.)
- .7 Re-commissioning – After 30 days from occupancy re-calibrate all sensor time delays and sensitivities to meet the Owner's Project Requirements. Provide a detailed report to the Architect/Owner of re-commissioning activity.

3.2 FACTORY COMMISSIONING

- .1 Upon completion of the installation, the system shall be commissioned by the manufacturer's factory authorized representative who will verify a complete fully functional system.
- .2 The electrical contractor shall provide both the manufacturer and the electrical engineer with ten working days written notice of the system startup and adjustment date.
- .3 Upon completion of the system commissioning the factory-authorized technician shall provide the proper training to the owner's personnel on the adjustment and maintenance of the system.
- .4 Factory commissioning shall include functional testing and documentation of the control system conforming to the "Functional Testing" requirements included in the current ASHRAE standard. This cost shall be included in the Tender Price.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 CAN/ULC-S524 (latest edition), Installation of Fire Alarm Systems.
- .2 ULC-S525 (latest edition), Audible Signal Appliances for Fire Alarm Systems.
- .3 CAN/ULC-S526 (latest edition), Visual Signal Appliances, Fire Alarm.
- .4 CAN/ULC-S527 (latest edition), Control Units, Fire Alarm.
- .5 CAN/ULC-S528 (latest edition), Manual Pull Stations.
- .6 CAN/ULC-S529 (latest edition), Smoke Detectors.
- .7 CAN/ULC-S530 (latest edition), Heat Actuated Fire Detectors, Fire Alarm.
- .8 CAN/ULC-S531 (latest edition), Smoke Alarms.
- .9 CAN/ULC-S536 (latest edition), Inspection and Testing of Fire Alarm Systems.
- .10 CAN/ULC-S537 (latest edition), Verification of Fire Alarm Systems.
- .11 CAN/ULC-S552 (latest edition), Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Smoke Alarms.
- .12 CAN/ULC-S553 (latest edition), Installation of Smoke Alarms.
- .13 OBC-2012, Ontario Building Code.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM WORK

- .1 System work includes:
 - .1 Replacement of existing conventional control panel as manufactured by Edwards c/w spare zones and relays to carry out fire alarm and protection functions including receiving alarm signals, initiating general alarm, supervising system continuously, actuating zone annunciators, and initiating trouble signals. Refer to products section for new and replacement equipment information.
 - .2 **Contact local Edwards Sales Representative:
Ross McKay – Troy Life & Fire Safety Ltd.
519-778-5839**

1.3 REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES

- .1 This system is subject to review by local building department officials, local fire department officials. **Therefore, submission of verification certificate and field technician device verification sheets is required prior to inspection by these officials. Schedule accordingly.**

1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Include:
 - .1 Layout of equipment.
 - .2 Zoning.
 - .3 Complete wiring diagram.

1.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- .1 Provide operation and maintenance data for Fire Alarm System for incorporation into manual specified in Electrical General Requirements Section.
- .2 Include:
 - .1 Operation and maintenance instructions for complete fire alarm system to permit effective operation and maintenance.
 - .2 Technical data - illustrated parts lists with parts catalogue numbers.
 - .3 Copy of approved shop drawings.
 - .4 List of recommended spare parts for system.

1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- .1 Include:
 - .1 10% spare glass rods for total number of manual pull box stations if applicable.

1.7 TRAINING

- .1 Arrange and pay for on-site demonstrations by fire alarm equipment manufacturer to train operational personnel in use and maintenance of fire alarm system. **Obtain written receipt of training session and include in maintenance manual.**

1.8 SYSTEM OPERATION

- .1 Operation of any alarm initiating device to:
 - .1 Cause audible and visual signal devices to sound throughout building.
 - .2 Transmit signal to fire department via monitoring station.
 - .3 Cause zone of alarm device to be indicated on control panel and remote annunciator(s).
 - .4 Cause air conditioning and ventilating fans to shut down and to function so as to provide required control of smoke movement.
 - .5 Cause fire doors and smoke control doors if normally held open, to close automatically.
 - .6 Log the alarm in the historical alarm log file.
- .2 System Reset
 - .1 It shall not be possible to reset the fire alarm system until all the alarm zones have been properly reset or cleared.

- .3 System Trouble Operation
 - .1 A trouble initiated by the actuation of a sprinkler system supervisory trouble switch shall cause the following to occur:
 - .1 An audible and visual trouble signal shall sound at the main control panel Only until acknowledged by an operator.
 - .2 Annunciate the Supervisory Trouble Alarm at the main control panel LCD Display and all remote annunciator(s).
 - .3 Log the Supervisory Trouble Alarm in the Historical Trouble Log File.
 - .4 Cause the remote trouble indicator to activate
 - .2 Any system trouble shall cause the following to occur:
 - .1 An audible and visual trouble signal shall sound at the main control panel LCD Display Only until acknowledged by an operator.
 - .2 Log the trouble condition in the separate Historical Trouble Log File.

1.9 PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

- .1 These specifications describe the minimum functional requirements for an electronically supervised, microprocessor based, fully integrated system. The initial installation shall include all the necessary electronic hardware, software and memory for a completely operable system in accordance with these specifications.

1.10 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Each and all items of the fire alarm system shall be listed as the products of a single manufacturer under the appropriate category by the Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada and shall bear the "U.L.C." label.
- .2 Each and all items of the fire alarm system shall be covered by a one year parts and labour warranty covering defects resulting from faulty workmanship and materials. The warranty shall be deemed to begin on the date the system is accepted by the Project Manager on issuance of the substantial performance certificate for the project.
- .3 All control equipment must have Transient Protection Devices to comply with U.L.C. requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 The fire alarm system shall be an addressable, single stage zoned, non-coded, indicating, fully integrated fire alarm.
- .2 The fire alarm control panel shall allow for loading or editing of special instructions and operating sequences as required. The system shall be capable of on-site programming to accommodate expansion, and changes required by local codes. All software operations shall be stored in a non-volatile programmable memory within the fire alarm control panel. Loss of primary and secondary power shall not erase the instructions stored in memory.

- .3 The ability to selectively program input/output control functions based on ANDing, ORing, NOTing, Timing and Special Coded Operations is also to be incorporated in the resident software programming of the system.
- .4 The system shall have the ability to manually disable and enable any device/circuit individually for maintenance or testing purposes.
- .5 It shall be possible to reprogram selected or all smoke detector initiating zones for alarm verification.
- .6 It shall be possible to program an adjustable time delay circuit for each waterflow initiating circuit to prevent false alarms that may be caused by erroneous pressure surges in the sprinkler system.
- .7 It shall be capable of wiring existing conventional initiating devices.
- .8 All on site programming changes to the fire alarm system shall be password protected.
- .9 Wiring to any remote annunciator shall be supervised for open and ground conditions. A separate annunciator trouble indicator must be provided at the control panel, which shall illuminate and an audible trouble signal shall sound at the control panel upon the detection of an open or ground condition.
- .10 All Control Panels and Remote Annunciator Cabinets are to be properly grounded to building ground. Conduit ground will not be acceptable. The green coloured grounding loop shall be a minimum #14 AWG insulated copper conductor run in conduit. The ground loop shall be connected to building water supply to the line side of the water meter. Ground wire must not be run in the same conduit as the Fire Alarm wiring.

2.2 POWER REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The control panels shall receive 120 VAC power via a dedicated overcurrent protected circuit. The incoming power to the system shall be supervised so that any power failure must be audibly and visually indicated at the control panel and the remote annunciator. A green 'Power On' LED shall be displayed continuously while incoming power is present.
- .2 Control Panel output power supply shall have the following operating characteristics:
 - .1 Rated for five Amps continuous duty
 - .2 24 VDC filtered and regulated
 - .3 Power limited with a range of 20.4 VDC to 32 VDC.
 - .4 Automatic "Brownout" transfer to standby batteries when supply voltage falls to 102 VAC
- .3 Standby power for the system shall be produced by dual-sealed, lead acid, gelled cell batteries, series connected with sufficient Amp. Hour capacity to operate the system under supervisory conditions with AC power disconnected for 24 hours and at the end of this period operate the alarm devices for thirty consecutive minutes. The batteries shall be dual-sealed, maintenance free type.
- .4 The system batteries shall be supervised so that a low battery condition or disconnection of the batteries shall be audibly and visually annunciated at the control panel.

- .5 Battery charger shall have the following operating characteristics:
 - .1 Ability to charge a range up to 33 AH to 70% of their capacity within 12 hours.
 - .2 Compatible with either lead acid or nicad batteries.
- .6 All circuits requiring system operating power shall be individually fused at the control panel.
- .7 The system shall be modular in design to allow future expansion with a minimum of hardware additions and system interruptions.

2.3 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL

- .1 The fire alarm control panel construction shall be modular in design with solid state microprocessor based electronics. An 80 character Liquid Crystal Display shall indicate alarms, supervisory service conditions and any troubles. The panel shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - .1 80 character LCD display
 - .2 Local Energy, Shunt Master Box, or Reverse Polarity Remote Station Connection
 - .3 Form C Trouble Contact
 - .4 Earth Ground Supervision Circuit
 - .5 Basic 8 A power supply
 - .6 Automatic Battery Charger
 - .7 Standby Batteries
 - .8 Resident non-volatile programmable operating system memory for all operating requirements.
 - .9 Five Programmable Multi-Function keys with status LED's
 - .10 Red Alarm LED and Acknowledge Button
 - .11 Yellow Supervisory Service LED and Acknowledge Button
 - .12 Yellow Trouble LED and Acknowledge Button
 - .13 Green Power on LED
 - .14 Alarm/Signal Silence Button
 - .15 System Reset Button
 - .16 Operator Interface Keypad for Manual Control and System Information Access
 - .17 Addressable Interface Control Card
 - .18 Supervised Annunciator Circuit
- .2 The control Panel shall be capable of chronologically logging and storing 300 events in an alarm log and 300 events in a trouble log. The historical logs shall be stored in the CPU's memory and shall be protected by a lithium battery that is supervised for a low battery condition. Each recorded event shall include the time and date of that event's occurrence. The alarm log file must be separate from the trouble log file. It shall be possible for the user to generate a report of both logs upon request.
- .3 All auxiliary manual controls shall be supervised so that all switches must be returned to the normal automatic position to clear system trouble.

- .4 Signal Circuits shall be independently supervised and fused such that a fault on one circuit shall not affect the operation of any of the other circuits. All signal circuits shall be configured as follows:
 - .1 Class “B” wiring, current limited.
 - .2 Rated at two Amps of continuous power.
 - .3 Capable of powering polarised 24 VDC audible and visual signalling appliances.
- .5 Provide dry contact auxiliary control circuits as follows:
 - .1 Central Station alarm output.
 - .2 Central Station trouble output.
 - .3 SPDT Form C relays fused at 2 A @ 24 VDC.
- .6 System Expansion Modules connected by ribbon cables shall be supervised for module placement. Should a module become disconnected the system trouble indicator must illuminate and audible trouble signal must sound.
- .7 The Fire Alarm Control Panel shall be capable of supporting RS-232-C I/O ports. CPU data output to the I/O ports shall be in a parallel ASCII format at field adjustable baud rates of 220, 300, 1200, 2400 and 4800.
- .8 A walk test feature must be provided.
- .9 All system controls shall be housed in a surface wall mounted steel cabinets. Finish shall be according to the manufacturer's standards.
- .10 All modules shall be secured behind hinged locked door with a full viewing tempered plastic window. The hinged locked doors shall give access to all the operating controls but shall not expose live connections.
- .11 All internal wiring, control circuits, connections and terminals shall only be accessible behind a removable metal retainer plate.
- .12 All Cabinets are to be properly grounded to building ground. Conduit ground will not be acceptable.
- .13 The system must provide communication with addressable initiating devices. All of these devices will be annunciated on the control panel's main LCD display. Annunciation shall include the following conditions for each point:
 - .1 40 Character Zone/Device Location
 - .2 Type of Device
 - .3 Detector Status (Normal/Alarm/Trouble)
 - .4 Device Missing/Failed
- .14 The communication format must be a completely digital poll/response protocol to allow tapping of the circuit wiring. A high degree of communication reliability must be obtained by using parity data bit error checking routines for address codes and check sum routines for the data transmission portion of the protocol.
- .15 Each addressable device must be uniquely identified by an address code entered on each device base at time of installation. The use of jumpers to set address will not be acceptable due to the potential of vibration and poor contact.

- .16 It shall be possible for the owner's representative to change a smoke detector without any special tools or programming.
- .17 The system shall support 100% of addressable devices in alarm or operated at the same time, under both primary (AC) and secondary (battery) power conditions. Systems, which cannot support 100% of their point capacity in alarm simultaneously, cannot assure appropriate system response and are not acceptable.
- .18 **The appropriate quantity of isolator modules shall be installed so that a wiring fault (short, open or ground) within one floor area shall not prevent the normal operation of other addressable devices on other floor areas.**
- .19 The system shall maintain the sensitivity level set, for each sensor, over time by automatically compensating for environmental factors such as dust and dirt accumulations in a smoke sensor's chamber. The smoke sensor shall be a smoke density measuring device having no self-contained set-point. **The control panel shall determine the alarm decision for each sensor.**
- .20 The system shall automatically indicate when an individual sensor needs cleaning. When a sensor's average value reaches a predetermined value a 'Dirty Sensor' trouble condition shall be audibly and visually indicated at the control panel for the individual sensor.
- .21 All data transmissions, **including the analogue value**, between the smoke sensors and the control panel shall be digitally transmitted and incorporate parity and checksum digital data checks of each transmission.
- .22 An operator from the control panel, having a proper access level, shall have the ability to:
 - .1 Manually access and print the following information for each sensor in a report format that can be easily understood by the user:
 - .1 Primary Status
 - .2 Device Type
 - .3 Present Average Value
 - .4 Present Sensitivity Selected
 - .5 Highest Peak Detection Values
 - .6 Sensor Chamber Status (Normal, Almost Dirty, Dirty, Excessively Dirty)
 - .2 Manually control the following of each sensor:
 - .1 Clear Peak Detection Values
 - .2 Enable or Disable the Point
 - .3 Clear Verification Tally
 - .4 Control a Sensor's Relay Driver Output
- .23 It shall be possible to program the control panel to **automatically** change the sensitivity settings of each sensor based on **time-of-day** and **day-of-week**.

2.4 ADDRESSABLE MANUAL ALARM STATIONS

- .1 Manual alarm stations shall be addressable, single action, non-coded, semi-flush mounted type. Pull stations shall be break-glass style. Contacts are to activate when the handle is pulled down.
- .2 Addressable pull station electronics shall be mounted to the back plate of the station. The station's address will be set at the time of installation. Device addressing shall be accomplished by either an electrical or mechanical means.

2.5 CONVENTIONAL MANUAL ALARM STATIONS

- .1 Manual alarm stations: pull lever, style, wall mounted semi-flush type, non-coded single pole normally open contact for single stage, English signage.

2.6 INTELLIGENT DETECTORS-GENERAL OPERATION

- .1 Addressable devices shall use simple to install and maintain decade, numbered 0 to 9, address switches. Detectors that have expanded addressing will have decade switch numbered from 0 to 15 for the most significant digit to allow detector addressing from 1 to 250.
- .2 Device addressing shall be accomplished by either an electrical or mechanical means.
- .3 Detectors shall be intelligent (analog) and addressable, and shall connect with two wires to the fire alarm control panel signalling line circuits.
- .4 Addressable smoke detectors shall provide dual alarm and power/polling LEDs. Both LEDs shall flash under normal conditions, indicating that the detector is operational and in regular communication with the control panel, and both LEDs shall be placed into steady illumination by the control panel, indicating that an alarm condition has been detected. If required, the LED flash shall have the ability to be removed from the system program. An output connection shall also be provided in the base to connect an external remote alarm LED.
- .5 The fire alarm control panel shall permit detector sensitivity adjustment through field programming of the system. Sensitivity shall be automatically adjusted by the panel on a time-of-day basis.
- .6 Using software in the FACP, detectors shall automatically compensate for dust accumulation and other slow environmental changes that may affect their performance.
- .7 The detectors shall be ceiling-mount and shall include a separate twist-lock base with tamper proof feature.
- .8 The detectors shall provide a test means whereby they will simulate an alarm condition and report that condition to the control panel. Such a test may be initiated at the detector itself (by activating a magnetic switch) or initiated remotely on command from the control panel.
- .9 Detectors shall also store an internal identifying type code that the control panel shall use to identify the type of device (PHOTO, THERMAL).

- .10 Detectors will operate in an analog fashion, where the detector simply measures its designed environment variable and transmits an analog value to the FACP based on real-time measured values. The FACP software, not the detector, shall make the alarm/normal decision, thereby allowing the sensitivity of each detector to be set in the FACP program and allowing the system operator to view the current analog value of each detector.
- .11 Detectors shall provide address-setting means using decimal switches and shall also store an internal identifying code that the control panel shall use to identify the type of device. LEDs shall be provided that shall flash under normal conditions, indicating that the device is operational and is in regular communication with the control panel.
- .12 Addressable devices shall provide address-setting means using decimal switches and shall also store an internal identifying code that the control panel shall use to identify the type of device. LED(s) shall be provided that shall flash under normal conditions, indicating that the device is operational and is in regular communication with the control panel.
- .13 The sensors shall be of a low profile design and ULC listed for both ceiling and wall mount applications.
- .14 Automatic smoke sensors shall be equipped with a dust cover, which shall be removed at the time of verification to prevent dust and dirt entering the smoke chamber during construction.
- .15 A magnetic test switch shall be provided to test detectors and modules. Detectors shall report an indication of an analog value reaching 100% of the alarm threshold.

2.7 INTELLIGENT MULTI-DETECTOR

- .1 The intelligent multi-detector shall be an addressable device, which is designed to monitor photoelectric, ionization, and thermal technologies in a single sensing device. This detector shall utilize advanced electronics which react to smaller products of combustion found in fast flaming fires (ionization), slow smouldering fires (photoelectric), and heat (thermal) all within a single sensing device.
- .2 The multi-detector shall include two bicolor LEDs, which flash green in normal operation and turn on steady red in alarm.
- .3 Detectors are to be provided with relay base where noted on the drawings.
- .4 Separately mounted photoelectric ionization and heat detectors in the same location are not acceptable alternatives.

2.8 FIXED TEMPERATURE HEAT DETECTOR

- .1 These heat detectors shall have a low mass thermistor heat sensor and operate at a fixed temperature. It shall continually monitor the temperature of the air in its surroundings to minimize thermal lag to the/ time required to process an alarm. The integral microprocessor shall determine if an alarm condition exists and initiate an alarm based on the analysis of the data. The heat detector shall have a nominal alarm point rating of 57°C (1 35°F). The heat detector shall be rated for ceiling installation at a minimum of 21.3m (70') centres and be suitable for wall mount applications.

2.9 FIXED TEMPERATURE / RATE OF RISE HEAT DETECTOR

- .1 These heat detectors shall have a low mass thermistor heat sensor and operate at a fixed temperature and at a temperature rate-of-rise. It shall continually monitor the temperature of the air in its surroundings to minimize thermal lag to the time required to process an alarm, The integral microprocessor shall determine if an alarm condition exists and initiate an alarm based on the analysis of the data. Systems using central intelligence for alarm decisions shall not be acceptable. The intelligent heat detector shall have a nominal fixed temperature alarm point rating of 57°C (135°F) and a rate-of-rise alarm point of 9°C (15°F) per minute. The heat detector shall be rated for ceiling installation at a minimum of 21.3m (70') centres and be suitable for wall mount applications.

2.10 PHOTOELECTRIC SMOKE DETECTOR

- .1 The intelligent photoelectric detector shall utilize a light scattering type photoelectric smoke sensor to sense changes in air samples from its surroundings. The integral microprocessor shall dynamically examine values from the sensor and initiate an alarm based on the analysis of data. The detector shall continually monitor any changes in sensitivity due to the environmental affects of dirt, smoke, temperature, aging, and humidity. The photo detector shall be rated for ceiling installation at a minimum of Soft (Olin) centres and be suitable for wall mount applications.
- .2 The percent smoke obscuration per foot alarm set point shall be field selectable to any of five sensitivity settings ranging from 1.0% to 3.5%. The photo detector shall be suitable for operation in the following environment:
 - .1 Temperature: 0°C to 49°C (32°F to 120°F)
 - .2 Humidity: 0-93% RH, non-condensing
 - .3 Elevation: no limit
- .3 Detectors are to be provided with relay base where noted on the drawings.

2.11 STANDARD DETECTOR MOUNTING BASES

- .1 Provide standard detector mounting bases suitable for mounting on North American 1-gang, 85mm (3 ½ ") or 100 mm (4") octagon box and 100 mm (4") square box. The base shall, contain no electronics, support all detector types and have the following minimum requirements:
 - .1 Removal of the respective detector shall not affect communications with other detectors.
 - .2 Terminal connections shall be made on the room side of the base. Bases which must be removed to gain access to the terminals shall not be acceptable.

2.12 CONVENTIONAL AUTOMATIC ALARM INITIATING DEVICES

- .1 Thermal fire detectors: fixed temperature, non-restorable, rated 57°C (135°F) or 88°C (194°F) as indicated.
- .2 Thermal fire detectors, combination fixed temperature and rate of rise, non-restorable fixed temperature element, self-restoring rate of rise, fixed temperature 57°C (135°F) or 88°C (194°F), rate of rise 8.3°C (15°F) per minute.

- .3 Smoke detector: ceiling mounted, photo electric type, visual alarm indicator, complete with relay base where noted.
- .4 Smoke detector: photo electric type air duct type with sampling tubes with protective housing.
 - .1 Plug-in type with fixed base.
 - .2 Wire-in base assembly with integral red alarm LED, and terminals for remote alarm LED.

2.13 AUDIBLE/VISUAL SIGNAL DEVICES

- .1 150 mm (6") Bells: surface mounted bell, vibration type 24Vdc, 150 mm (6"), 92dBA rating at 3 m (10'), red finish, FM and ULC listed.
- .2 Strobe: semi-recessed, 24Vdc operation, complete with selectable 15/30/75/110 candela output (unless otherwise noted set at 75 cd), synchronized strobe, red finish, FM and ULC listed. Suitable for mounting on a single gang box.
- .3 Bell-Strobe Plate: Edwards 403 series c/w 439-6" bell and strobe c/w selectable 15/30/75/110 candela output, synchronized strobe, red finish, FM and ULC listed. Suitable for mounting on 4 inch octagon box.

NOTES:

- .1 **Any surface mounted signal devices must be provided with suitable backboxes supplied by the manufacturer.**
- .2 **Provide synchronization modules to suit signal devices (if required by manufacturer).**

2.14 END OF LINE RESISTORS

- .1 End-of-line resistors for signalling circuits shall be sized to ensure the correct supervisory current flows in each circuit.
- .2 End-of-line resistors shall be mounted on a stainless steel plate for mounting on a standard single gang box and bear the ULC label.

2.15 INTELLIGENT MODULES – GENERAL OPERATION

- .1 The modules shall have a minimum of 2 diagnostic LED's mounted behind a finished coverplate. A green LED shall flash to confirm communication with the loop controller. A red LED shall flash to display alarm status. The module shall be capable of storing up to 24 diagnostic codes, which can be retrieved for troubleshooting assistance. Input and output circuit wiring shall be supervised for open and ground faults. The module shall be suitable for operation in the following environment:
 - .1 Temperature: 0°C to 49°C (32°F to 120°F).
 - .2 Humidity: 0-93% RH, non-condensing.

2.16 MONITOR MODULE

- .1 The monitor modules shall have the following operating characteristics:

A flashing LED indicates that the module is in communication with the control panel.
The LED latches steady on alarm (subject to current limitations on the loop).
- .2 The monitor modules shall have the following features:

Nominal operating voltage:	15 to 32 VDC.
Maximum current draw:	5.1 mA (LED on)
Average operating current:	400 uA (LED flashing)
EOL resistance:	47K ohms.
Temperature range:	0°C to 49°C (32°F to 120°F)
Humidity range:	10% to 93% noncondensing
Dimensions:	114.3mm (4.5") high x 101.6 mm (4") wide x 31.75 mm (1.25") deep. Mounts to a 101.6 mm (4") square x 53.975 mm (2.1/8") deep box.

2.17 ISOLATOR MODULE

- .1 Fault isolator modules shall be provide to automatically isolate wire-to-wire short circuits on an SLC loop. The fault isolator module shall limit the number of modules or detectors that may be rendered inoperative by a short circuit fault on the SLC loop. If a wire-to wire short occurs, the fault isolator module shall automatically open-circuit (disconnect) the SLC loop. When the short circuit condition is corrected, the fault isolator module shall automatically reconnect the isolated section of the SLC loop. The fault isolator module shall not require any address-setting, and its' operations shall be totally automatic. It shall not be necessary to replace or reset a fault isolator module after its normal operation. The fault isolator module shall mount in a standard 10.16 cm (4") deep electrical box, in a surface-mounted backbox, or in the fire alarm control panel. It shall provide a single LED which shall flash to indicate that the isolator is operational and shall illuminate steadily to indicate that a short circuit condition has been detected and isolated.

2.18 CONTROL MODULE

- .1 Addressable control modules shall be provided to supervise and control the operation of one conventional NACs of compatible, 24 VDC powered, polarized audio/visual notification appliances. For fan shutdown and other auxiliary control functions, the control module may be set to operate as a dry contract relay.
- .2 The control module NACs may be wired for Style Z or Style Y (Class A/B) with up to 1 Amp of inductive A/V signal, or 2 Amps of resistive A/V signal operation, or as a dry contact (Form-C) relay. The relay coil shall be magnetically latched to reduce wiring connection requirements, and to ensure that 100% or all auxiliary relay or NACs may be energized at the same time on the same pair of wires.
- .3 The control module shall be suitable for pilot duty applications and rated for a minimum of 0.6 Amps at 30 VDC.

2.19 DOOR HOLD OPEN DEVICES

- .1 Units to be complete with the following features:
 - .1 Wall mounted style.
 - .2 Long life electromagnet.
 - .3 Low current operation.
 - .4 Completely silent operation.
 - .5 25 lbf (111N) minimum holding force.
 - .6 Adjustable swivel contact plate.
 - .7 Brushed zinc finish.
 - .8 Maintenance free operation.
 - .9 Water resistant design.
 - .10 ULC, CSA, and FM approved.

2.20 REMOTE TROUBLE INDICATOR

- .1 A system remote trouble indicator where noted on the drawings shall be provided complete with the following features:
 - .1 Flush mounted in a double gang box.
 - .2 Trouble LED.
 - .3 Trouble buzzer.

2.21 SYSTEM WIRING

- .1 The system wiring must be FSA rated in conformance with the Electrical Safety Code to suit the type of installation.
- .2 Wiring shall be minimum #18 AWG twisted shielded pair in conduit. "Securex 2" armoured cable will be permitted to be used for "drops" to devices on accessible ceilings.
- .3 As indicated on system riser diagram initiating device wiring shall be run in a loop with a home run from the last device to the control panel (Class 'A' configuration). Wiring from the "loop" module to conventional devices must be supervised, run in conduit, and conform to the standards of the Electrical Safety Code.
- .4 Signal wiring is to be cross connected in a class 'B' configuration.
- .5 Install isolator modules and end of line resistors in service rooms no higher than 2.4 M AFF. Provide location of these devices at the time of shop drawing submission.
- .6 **These are the basic wiring requirements for system operation. Prior to tender close manufacturer and contractor are to confirm all necessary wiring specifications and requirements.**

2.22 APPROVED EQUIPMENT

<u>DEVICE</u>	<u>EDWARDS</u>
<u>Control Panel</u>	
	EST 3X
<u>Intelligent Devices</u>	
Manual Alarm Stations 1-Stage	SIGA-270
Addressable Multi-Sensor	SIGA2-PS
Addressable Base	SIGA-SB
Addressable Base c/w Relay	SIGA-RB
Heat Sensor	SIGA2-HRS or SIGA2-HFS
Smoke Detectors	SIGA-PS
Monitor Module	SIGA-CT Series
Control Module	SIGA-CR
Isolator Module	SIGA-IM
Annunciator	EST3-6ANN

<u>Conventional and Auxiliary Devices</u>	
Smoke Detectors	C2M-PDC
150 mm (6") Bells	439D Series or MB Series
Door Holder	1500 Series
Strobe	G1R-VM

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 The entire system shall be installed in accordance with CAN/ULC-S524 (latest edition) and approved manufacturers manuals and wiring diagrams. The contractor shall furnish all conduit, wiring, outlet boxes, junction boxes, cabinets and similar devices necessary for the complete installation, All wiring shall be of the type recommended by the Electrical Safety Code, approved by local authorities having jurisdiction for the purpose, and shall be installed in dedicated conduit throughout.
- .2 Install main control panel and connect to ac power supply.
- .3 Locate and install manual alarm stations and connect to alarm circuit wiring.
- .4 Locate and install detectors and connect to alarm circuit wiring. **Do not mount detectors within 1 m (39") of air outlets.** Maintain at least 600 mm (24") radius clear space on ceiling, below and around detectors. Locate duct type detectors in straight portions of ducts.
- .5 Connect alarm circuits to main control panel.
- .6 Locate and install signal devices and connect to signalling circuits.
- .7 Connect signalling circuits to main control panel.
- .8 Install end-of-line devices at end of applicable alarm and signalling circuits.
- .9 Locate and install door releasing devices.
Note: Door holders must release by way of local smoke detector and signal from main control panel. Provide additional relays to suit.
- .10 Connect fire suppression systems to control panel.
- .11 Elevator controllers are to be connected with 4 #14 conductors in conduit from fire alarm control panel to signal elevator recall in the event of a general alarm.

3.2 PROTECTION

- .1 Contractor is to ensure all fire protection system detectors are protected from dust, dirt, humidity, and water at all times during construction. This applies to detectors installed, stored on site or stored in storage containers. Any detectors that are damaged or dirty shall be replaced at the contractor's expense.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 The system shall be installed and fully tested under the supervision of trained manufacturer's representative. The system shall be demonstrated to perform all the functions as specified.

3.4 ACCEPTABLE INSTALLER

- .1 The fire alarm / life safety system specified herein shall be installed by an Authorized Electrical Contractor who is CFAA certified.

3.5 EXAMINATION

- .1 Prior to the commencement of any of the work detailed herein, an examination and analysis of the area(s) where the Fire Alarm / Life Safety System and all associated components are to be installed shall be made.
- .2 Any of these area(s) which are found to be outside the manufacturers' recommended environments for the particular specified products shall be noted on a Site Examination Report which shall be given to the Building Owners Representative, and the Consultant.
- .3 Any shorts, opens, or grounds found on existing wiring shall be corrected prior to the connection of these wires to any panel component or field device.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

- .1 Each of the intended operations of the installed Fire Alarm / Life Safety System shall be demonstrated to the Building Owners' Representative and the Consultant.

3.7 SYSTEM TEST

- .1 **Perform tests in accordance with General Electrical Requirements Section and CAN/ULC-S537-(latest edition) Standard for the Verification of Fire Alarm Systems. Include full verification of entire system to suit control panel replacement per CAN/ULC S537 including testing/inspection of unmodified portions of existing system being reconnected per CAN/ULC S536.**
- .2 Fire alarm system:
 - .1 Test each device and alarm circuit to ensure noted devices transmit alarm to control panel and actuate general alarm and ancillary devices.
 - .2 Check annunciator panels to ensure zones are shown correctly.
 - .3 Simulate grounds and breaks on alarm and signalling circuits to ensure proper operation of system.

- .4 Class A circuits.
 - .1 Test each conductor on all circuits for capability of providing alarm signal on each side of single open-circuit fault condition imposed near middlemost point of circuit. Reset control unit after each alarm function and correct imposed fault after completion of each test.
 - .2 Test each conductor on all circuits for capability of providing alarm signals during ground-fault condition imposed near middlemost point of circuit. Reset control unit after each alarm function and correct imposed fault after completion of each test.
 - .5 Class B circuits
 - .1 Test each conductor on all circuits for capability of providing alarm signal on line side of single open-circuit fault condition imposed at electrically most remote device on circuit. Reset control unit after each alarm function and correct imposed fault after completion of each test.
 - .3 The control panel shall continuously perform as automatic self-test routine on each sensor, which will functionally check the sensor electronics and ensure the accuracy of the valves being transmitted to the control panel.
 - .4 Automatic testing will occur at a rate of one sensor every four minutes.
 - .5 The sensor's average analogue value is the average of the last 2000 recorded analogue entries of its chamber.
 - .6 Any sensor that fails this test shall indicate a '**SELF-TEST ABNORMAL**' trouble condition with the sensor's address at the control panel.
 - .7 The system shall automatically indicate when an individual sensor needs cleaning. When the sensor's average value reaches a predetermined value, a '**DIRTY SENSOR**' trouble condition shall be audibly and visually indicated at the local control panel for that sensor. IF a '**DIRTY SENSOR**' indication is left unattended and its average value increases to a second predetermined value, an '**EXCESSIVELY DIRTY SENSOR**' trouble condition shall be indicated at the local control panel for that sensor. To prevent false alarms, these '**DIRTY**' conditions shall in no way decrease the amount of smoke obscuration necessary to generate an alarm condition.
 - .8 An operator having a proper access level, shall have the capability to manually access the following information from the control panel:
 - .1 Primary Status
 - .2 Device Type
 - .3 Present Average Value
 - .4 Present Sensitivity Selected*
 - .5 Highest Peak Detection Values (HVP)*
 - .6 Sensor Range (Normal, Dirty, Excessively Dirty)
- * Values shall be in 'percent of smoke obscuration' format so that no interpretation is required by the operator.
- .9 **Provide "Integrated Testing" of this life safety system in conformance with the noted specification section. Include all associated costs in tender.**

3.8 AUDIBILITY TESTING

- .1 Audibility Testing:
 - .1 The contractor is to coordinate an audibility test prior to occupancy of the facility. The test is to be performed by the representatives of the fire alarm manufacturer in the presence of the consultant. The test report is to be in chart form indicating:
 - .1 Project
 - .2 Date of test
 - .3 Room name and number
 - .4 Ambient dB level
 - .5 Alarm dB level
 - .6 Name of testing technician
 - .2 The test results are to be submitted to the consultant for review prior to issuing to owner's representatives and/or authorities having jurisdiction.

3.9 EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCES

- .1 The manufacturer and electrical contractor are to include in their bid the cost to remove ten (10) existing noncompliant conventional smoke detectors and replace with ten (1) compatible conventional smoke detectors as described within this specification section. Replacement smoke detectors are to be installed and verified in existing locations on a 1 to 1 basis as coordinated on site.

END OF SECTION